Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE Bombay Gazette.

NO. 55,016—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, APRIL 25, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.
LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
30th April.	SALSETTE	6000	KARMORA	10509
7th May.	CALEDONIA	7538	—	—
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10590
21st "	EGYPT	7912	—	—
28th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
4th June.	INDIA	7911	—	—
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
18th "	HIMALAYA	6926	—	—
25th "	DEVANHA	8092	PERSIA	7951
2nd July	OCEANA	6610	—	—
9th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10833
16th "	ARABIA	7903	—	—
23rd "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
30th "	CALEDONIA	7538	—	—

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the **BALLARD PIER** on **FRIDAY AFTERNOON**, the day previous to sailing and **CABIN BAGGAGE** before 9 a.m., on **SATURDAY**. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12-30 and 1 P. M., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay, fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued at favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

W. O. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
P. BALDUINO	4,580	G. Ronchi	18th May 1910
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	L. Mancini	15th June 1910
Duca BALDUINO	4,380	G. Ronconi	15th July 1910

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 723; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Boisito	17th May 1910.
CAPRI	6,000	D. Morenco	17th June 1910.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Boisito	17th July 1910.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

No. 59 Hornby Road.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

Steamer.	Month.	Port.
Spanish Prince	...due 3rd May	.....Philadelphia and New York.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route viâ.
LINGA	2,171	Mon. 25th Apr.	11 a.m.	P.D. & G.M.*
DWARKA	1,695	Thur. 28th Apr.	9 a.m.	O. Mandvi.
LHASA	2,171	Fri. 29th Apr.	6 a. m.	Direct †

* Porebunder, Dwarka and O. Mandvie.
† Orianer on arrival of English mail steamer.

FOR O. MANDVIE, KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 28th April, sailing (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "KASARA," 1,200 tons, on Monday, 25th April sailing at Veraval, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein and Bushire.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "WARORA," 3 980 tons, sailing on or about the 26th April.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

23rd April, 1910.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	12th May 1910.
NERA	5,538	Martin	9th June "
CALEDONIEN	4,130	X	7th July "
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	4th Augt "
SYDNEY	4,118	Magnen	1st Sept. "
POLYNESIEN	6,383	X	29th Sept. "
NERA	5,538	Martin	27th Oct. "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	20th May 1910.
SYDNEY	4,118	Magnen	17th June "

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged:—

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	8th May 1910
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	22nd " "
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	8th June "
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	22nd " "
ORCADIA	6716	C. F. Osborne R. N. R.	9th July "
SCINDIA	5108	Wm. Kelso	29th " "
CASTALIA	6388	J. Hamilton	11th August "
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	25th " "
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	16th Sept. "
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	30th " "
ORCADIA	6716	C. F. Osborne	13th Oct. "
SCINDIA	6106	Wm. Kelso	2nd " "
CASTALIA	6364	J. Hamilton	13th Nov. "
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	26th " "

Scnedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,033
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez Rs. 445.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins Amidships for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

Fares.—Rs. 400 to Rs. 480 according to position of Cabin.

For further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANKS.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE,
Taj Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. p. a., rules on applications.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

O. M. BARNES,
Manager.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up	...Gold	$3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	...Gold	$3,605,119·45

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street Within, E. C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	City of Mexico.
Hongkong.	Yokohama.	Washington.
Canton.	Colon.	Panama.
Manila.	Kobe.	Singapore.
Hankow.	Empire.	Peking.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4 per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	" 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	" 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)

SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)

THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)

RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)

GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).

The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggur.)

KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)

RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)

The Hon'ble Mr. ISMAIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

HEADLIGHTS
MAHABLESHWAR SEASON.

The "Polkey" Series of Acetylene and Kerosine headlights give a perfect beam of light and a maximum of illumination on the road to Mahableshwar or elsewhere.

SPECIALLY MADE FOR INDIA.

THE "SAMPSON"
Acetylene Motor Head Light (Patented)
2,085 Certified Candle Power.
No. 1 SERIES.
For Large Cars, with Projecting Ball Front. With separate Generator.

Nickel Plated, without Generator	£6 10 0
Brass " "	5 0 0
Generator, Brass	4 12 0

Reflector, thick Sterling Silver rolled on to Copper.

THE "POLKEY"
Patent Kerosine Motor Head Lights.
527 Candle Power.
No. 1 SERIES. Each.

Nickel Plated on brass, with side fittings	£8 0 0
Brass Polished	7 0 0
Double Fork Brackets, for shutting on	0 15 0

No. 2 SERIES. Each.

Nickel Plated on Brass (lens 7⅝ in dia.)	£7 0 0
Brass Polished	6 0 0

New Pattern "Polkey"
CHIMNEY MOTOR SIDE LIGHT.
Burning Kerosine.
No. 1 SERIES WITH CHIMNEYS. Per pair.

Nickel Plated	£4 16 0
Brass Polished	3 10 0

No. 2 SERIES, CHIMNEYLESS.
Simple, Powerful, Reliable.
Perfectly Wind and Rain Proof.
FOR FAST CARS.

Nickel Plated	per pair	£4 10 0
Brass Polished	"	4 0 0

Fixed Oil Container, with Outside Feed Screw.

"POLKEY" TAIL LIGHT.
Burning Kerosine.
One White and one Red Light.
No. 2 SERIES. Each.

Nickel Plated	£1 13 6
Brass Polished	1 9 6

Above Lamps may be had at English Prices, Less 10 per cent. for Cash. Calculation.—1 Cans. to the shilling or Re. 15 as the Pound Sterling.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA:

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

FINEST GERMAN SAUSAGES.

METTWURST (Pork Sausage)	In 1 lb. Tins
FUNGENWURST (Tongue Sausage)	RS. 1-8
LEBERWURST (Liver Sausage)	Per Tin.
CERVELATWURST (Smoked Sausage in Bladder)	
FRANKFURTER WURSTE (Small Frankfort Sausages)	
TRUFFEL-LEBERWURST (Strassburg Sausage)	Rs. 1-12

MONGINI BROTHERS,
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, **BOMBAY.**

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,

ON GOVERNMENT LIST.

Engineers, Iron and Brass Founders, Metal and Timber Merchants and Contractors.

MANUFACTURERS OF - - - -
Bridges, Girders, Roofs and Structural Work of all Kinds, Cast, Wrought and Mild Steel Work of the Heaviest Description, Plain and Ornamental Castings, Sanitary and Conservancy Appliances, Irrigation Requirements, &c., &c.

DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES - - -
furnished on Application.
Hyderaulic Rivetting, Steam-hammers and Testing Plant used.

ERECTION OF - - - - - -
manufactured Work imported or otherwise, Contracted for it any part of India.
We have of late added to our works some further heavy Machinery to unable us to meet all requirements.

SUPPLIERS OF - - - - - -
Engines and Boilers (Portable and Stationary), Pumps, Galvanized Steel Wire Ropes, Cast and Wrought Iron Pipes, Galvanized Plain and Corrugated Iron Plates, Bars, Angles, Tees, &c., in Steel and Iron, Tools, Water-Supply Fittings, Valves, Portland Cement, &c.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,
OFFICES AND WORKS
Covering over 16,000 Square Yards
Bellasis Road, Byculla, **BOMBAY.**

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

THE
CHAMPION GOLF BALLS OF 1909
Dunlop "Junior" and "Orange Spot."
FIVE CHAMPIONSHIPS.

RECORDS. 19 Amateur. 67 Professionals.

HOLES DONE IN ONE. TWO.
WINNERS OF COMPETITIONS. 23 Amateur. 17 Professionals.

APPLY TO THE SECRETARY OF YOUR GOLF CLUB.

6 Annas rebate allowed on all old balls returned, provided a like number of new ones are purchased.

DUNLOP RUBBER COMPANY, LTD.,
3 Wallace Street, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO H. M. THE KING-EMPEROR.

And to H. E. LORD MINTO, Viceroy and Governor-General of India, And H. E. Sir GEORGE CLARKE, Governor of Bombay.

LIPTON'S

TEAS.
COFFEE.
COCOA.
WINES.
SPIRITS.
PROVISIONS.

"ASK FOR LIPTON'S."
QUALITY GUARANTEED.

J. B. ORR'S "ZINGESSOL" PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT, Manufactured by JOHN B. ORR, F.C.S., is unrivalled as an artistic and permanent decoration.

Specially appointed by the Viceroy of India for decorating Government House, also the High Commissioner H. E. Viscount Milner 1903, S. Africa.

WM. CHS. SMITH,
FROM LONDON.

PAINTER & HOUSE DECORATOR.

Importer of the Best English oils and colour, &c Sole Agent in India, for J. B. Orr, F. C. S.

ZINGESSOL ORR'S ZINC WHITE AND PURE OXIDE OF ZINC

Colour Washing of Walls with ORR'S ZINGESSOL, THE PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT.

Coloured Card and Book on Application.
OFFICE: 17-19, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, Opposite the Oriental Buildings.
ESTIMATES GIVEN.

"ZINGESSOL," is admirably adapted for the interior or exterior decoration of either Private Residences, Hospitals, Churches, or other Public Buildings.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., Ld.

'Importers of:—

KEROSINE OIL.
PETROL.
LIQUID FUEL.
PARAFIN WAX, &c.

"SILVERLIGHT" CASE OIL 150°	FOR BUNGALOW USE.
"RISING-SUN" KEROSINE	FOR ALL ILLUMINATING PURPOSES.
"SHIP" BRAND KEROSINE	FOR LIGHTING SHOPS.
"COBRA AND SWAN" KEROSINE	FOR OIL ENGINES.
"SHELL" BRAND PETROL	HIGHEST WORKING RESULTS.
LIQUID FUEL	FOR DIESEL OIL ENGINES.
"PESTERINE"	FOR PLAGUE PREVENTION

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., Ld.
GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY

137658

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per P. & O. S. N. Company's s.s. "CALEDONIA," from LONDON and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of the vessel's arrival, and requested to take immediate delivery of their goods landed at No. 12 Shed, Victoria Dock.

Captain Ericson, the Surveyor, will attend every morning to survey damaged packages. All claims in this respect must be preferred to the undersigned within 7 days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No surveys will be held on bag cargo packed in single gunnies only, or on goods removed from the Landing Shed.

W. C. SYMES,
SUPERINTENDENT,
P. & O. S. N. Co.

THE LEOPOLD SPINNING, BLEACHING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on FRIDAY, the 29th April, 1910, at 5 P. M. (S. T.), to transact the following business :—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the half year ended 31st December, 1909.

2nd.—To elect Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

3rd.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 25th to 30th April, both days inclusive.

By order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.

Bombay, 12th April, 1910.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 203 of 1910.

NUSSERWANJI BYRAMJI .....Plaintiff

v

COWASJI BYRAMJI and others.....Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above Suit and bearing date the 22nd day of March, 1910, the following immoveable property will be SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, by the Commissioner of This Honourable Court, on the premises, at Dhanji Dongaria Street on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of May, 1910, at the hour of 4-30 o'clock in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of ground with the messuage, tenement or dwellinghouse built and standing upon the Fazendari ground of Sett Hormasji Bomonji, situate, lying and being without the Fort in the Registration District and Sub-district of Bombay, in Dhanji Dongaria Street or Soonkhetar, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under Old No. 33, and New C Ward Nos. 691 and 692, and containing by admeasurement ninety-two feet and nine inches in length, and sixteen feet and eight inches in breadth, containing one hundred and seventy-two square yards and five-ninths of another square yard, be the same, little more or less, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the North by the house formerly of Chandanbai, the widow of the late Jeswaji Nuserwanji Batliwala, and now of Dinbai, wife of Doctor Rattonji Rustomji Dadina, on or towards the South by the house formerly of Dinshaw Bhikajee Khan, lately of Cawasji Auderji Jhaveri and now of one Bania Jeweller, on or towards the West by the Public Road, named Dhunji Dongaria Street aforesaid, now called Dhunji Street, and on or towards the East by a sweeper's passage and which said premises were formerly in the occupation of the late Byramji Manecksji and now in the occupation of his heirs and their tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. BICKNELL, MERWANJI and ROMER, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed, at No. 14, K Hummam Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 13th day of April, 1910.

A. M. KAJIJI,
Acting Commissioner.

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the Subscribers to the late DOSABHOY FRAMJEE, C. S. I., MEMORIAL FUND, will be held at the Bai Bhikaji Bengalee Girls' School, Parsi Bazaar Street, Fort, on MONDAY 26th inst., at 5-45 p. m.

Subscribers are requested to attend the Meeting, the business being to decide upon the form of Memorial.

DARASHA RUTTONJI CHICHGUR,
for self and other Honorary Secretaries.

Bombay, 23rd April, 1910.

WANTED.

FOR the Office of the Principal Port Officer, Burma, Rangoon, a 2nd ASSISTANT PORT OFFICER, Salary Rs. 500 (five hundred). The appointment is pensionable.

QUALIFICATIONS.—The applicant must possess a Board of Trade Master's Certificate and must have been in command of a sea-going vessel.

Applications will be received by the undersigned up to the 30th April, 1910.

The selected candidate will be on probation for six months after which period if he has given satisfaction in the discharge of his duties he will be confirmed in the appointment.

GEO. A. ROSE, Commander R.I.M.,
Principal Port Officer,
Burma, Rangoon.

Rangoon, 24th March, 1910.

JARRAH WOOD

WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists' Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Partitions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT Victoria Road.

Price List and Sample Free on Application

MILLARS' KARRI & JARRAH CO. (1902) LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS,
Hornby Road,
BOMBAY.

ALBERT VICTOR COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,
(FOR ALL COMMUNITIES)
MATHERAN.
COMPARISON IS THE TRUE TEST OF BEST QUALITY.

Separate Billiard Saloon and Restaurant on the Premises.

THIS COMMODIOUS HOTEL contains 25 Bed-rooms with tiled flooring, each 14 × 16 feet, with a front verandah 12 feet wide. Every Bed-room has its own Bath-room and Dressing Room with tiled flooring. The Hotel consists of several detached Bungalows suitable for families. It is situated in a large shady compound, commanding a beautiful westerly view. A separate Bungalow, known as the "Wilderness," is specially fitted up for Princes and Nabobs.

Please apply for Terms for Board and Lodging, &c., to
E. K. KHAN,
Proprietor.

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
for Ladies.
A French Remedy for all Irregularities.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Monday, the 2nd May, 1910, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Appointment of three representatives of the Corporation on the Board of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, vice Khan Bahadur M.C. Mursban, C.I.E., Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Kt., and Mr. W. D. Sheppard, I.C.S., retiring.

2. Letter from Mrs. Symington—Thanking the Corporation for their Resolution on the death of her husband, the late Mr. J. H. Symington.

3. Letter from the Honourable Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta, K.C.I.E.—Applying for leave of absence from the Corporation's Meetings.

4. Bombay Improvement Trust Memoranda—Forwarding excerpts from the Trustee's Proceedings.

5. Letter from Mr. Narayen Krishna Kanaw and others—Complaining of insufficient water-supply.

6. Letter from Dr. N. A. Cooper, B.A., L.M. & S., and others—Requesting that early arrangements may be made for the admission of candidates for the Examination of Bachelor of Hygiene to the Sanitation Department and the Infectious Diseases Hospital for practical work.

7. Letter from Mr. F. B. Vania—Submitting that the Tramways Company should not be allowed to charge more than one anna for journeys covering less than 4 miles.

8. Notice from Mr. Pirozsha N. Billimoria, Solicitor, on behalf of his client Mr. Hassam Haji Sumar—Claiming possession of a portion of a property at Elphinstone Road acquired by the Municipality.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

9—10. Recommending advances of Rs. 3,619 and 977 for remodelling house gullies between Kambeker Street and Memonwada Road and between Memonwada Road and Chunam Kiln Road respectively.

11. Recommending that in reply to his letter regarding a stand-pipe close to the entrance of his premises at Jail Road North Cross Lane, Mr. Kerbalal Ibrahim Basheri be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

12. Recommending an advance of Rs. 4,000 to supplement the grant for Municipal Workshop Stores.

13. Recommending a grant of Rs. 3,899-15-8 to adjust irrecoverable outstandings in connection with the remodelling of house gullies.

14. Recommending a modified scale for the payment of local allowances to Municipal employes.

15. Forwarding a report regarding the purchase of plug valves, &c.

16. Recommending sanction to the expenditure on dispensaries being debited as proposed and to an additional grant of Rs. 31,000 to supplement the Plague Grant.

17. Forwarding a report regarding payments due to the City Improvement Trust.

18. Forwarding a statement showing the income of the Municipality during 1909-10 as compared with the estimates.

19. Recommending that the Commissioner be authorized to replace a 3" water main in Cowasji Patel Street by a 9" main.

Government letters—

20. Intimating that the period of enquiry in connection with the epidemic of malaria in the City has been extended to 31st March 1911.

21. Making certain suggestions concerning the proposed arrangement in respect of pension provision for the Schools Committee's staff.

22. Forwarding a correspondence regarding the question of instituting a motor service for passenger traffic on the Municipal Kutchra siding between Kurla and Devnar Flats.

Letters from the Commissioner—

23. Forwarding a report of the chemical and bacteriological work done in the Municipal Laboratory.

24. Forwarding a return showing the hours of water supply to the different localities.

25. Forwarding the Executive Health Officer's Report for the first Quarter of 1910.

26. Forwarding quarterly returns of sick treated at the Arthur Road and Maratha Hospitals.

27. Forwarding a statement of assessment of properties.

28. Forwarding Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.

29. Reporting on the question of checking the importation and sale of adulterated milk in the City.

30. Submitting plans and estimates for a School building at the junction land Road and the Extension of Sankli Street.

31. Requesting sanction to a revised scale of fees being fixed for permission to put up lights on public streets on occassions of marriage, &c.

32. Requesting sanction to a passage at Mint Road being closed and sold at the rate of Rs. 100 per square yard.

33. Reporting as to the methods of destroying mosquitoes and the possibility of clearing the city of mosquito larvæ by the introduction of turtles.

34. Reporting as to the nuisance caused by foul smell near the level crossing at the B. B. & C. I. Railway Parel Station.

35. Submitting proposals for the amendment of certain sections of the Municipal Act, pertaining to the construction and use of buildings, &c.

36. Reporting as to the regular lines for the improvement of Parel Village.

37. Requesting sanction to the purchase of a motor car for the Chief Officer of the Fire Brigade.

38. Forwarding a correspondence regarding the terms on which Government are willing to lease to the Municipality a plot of land between the Municipal Offices and the Police Court.

39. Reporting as to the question of widening Dammer Lane.

40. Reporting as to the question of providing additional benches and arrangements for band performances at Chowpatty.

41. Requesting sanction to a fee of Rs. 25 being fixed for permits for the establishment of factories, &c., and of Re. 1 per annum for renewal.

42. Requesting sanction to the Tramways Company being permitted to use Trailer cars as an experimental measure, to deal with heavy traffic during morning and evening.

Schools Committee Letters—

43. Forwarding excerpts from the Committee's Proceedings.

44. Forwarding the Budget Estimate of the Committee for 1910-11.

R. P. MASANI,
Municipal Secretary.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OFFICE,
Bombay, 22nd April, 1910.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

WANTED.

A PROMINENT European firm in Rangoon wish to get into touch with a reliable Spinning Mill, producing Grey Yarns suitable for the Burma and China Markets. Communications, with full particulars, to be addressed to "MANDARIN," care of this Paper.

WANTED.

A REALLY GOOD CLERK, preferably a Goanese, for the 1st Battalion, King's African Rifles, Nyasaland. Salary £ 70 per Annum, rising by £ 10 annually to £ 100 per annum. Apply in writing only to—

THE AGENT GENERAL IN INDIA,
British Protectorates in Africa,
Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED.

A SMART TYPIST. One having worked on a Hummond preferred, Apply No. 76 c/o this office.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE EDWARD SASSOON MILLS,
LIMITED.

Registered under the Indian Companies Act VI of 1882.

CAPITAL RS. 17,00,000.

Divided into 8,500 Shares of Rs. 200 each.

The whole amount is proposed to be issued and is payable as follows :—

Rs. 25 on application, Rs. 75 on allotment, and the balance in sums not exceeding Rs. 50 at intervals of not less than one month.

DIRECTORS :

A. J. RAYMOND, Esq., *Chairman*,
(Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)

The Hon'ble Mr. HERBERT R. GREAVES,
(Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)

Rao Saheb VASANJI TRICUMJI (Merchant),

MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.
(Messrs. Goculdas Madhowji & Co.)

S. A. NATHAN, Esq.
(Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)

AGENTS :

Messrs. E. D. SASSOON & Co.

BANKERS :

The EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

SOLICITORS :

Messrs. PAYNE & Co.

AUDITORS :

Messrs. A. F. FERGUSON & Co.
S. B. BILLIMORIA, Esq.

REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY :

No. 2, RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

PROSPECTUS.

I. THIS COMPANY is formed for the purpose of acquiring the property of the Tricumdas Mills, Limited, which recently went into liquidation and which Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co. have purchased from the Official Liquidator of the said Company for the sum of Rs. 15,25,000 by private treaty. When the application was made on behalf of the Official Liquidator to confirm the said Sale, a higher offer of Rs. 15,50,000 for the same property was made but was not accepted and the Court confirmed the Sale in favour of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co. Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Company have, under the terms of an Agreement prepared by the Company's Solicitors, Messrs. Payne and Company, and expressed to be made between them of the one part and the Company of the other part, agreed to sell the entire property to the Company as a going concern at the actual price which they have paid for the same plus out-of-pocket expenses and costs which they have incurred in the purchase of the said property and interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, without charging any commission or remuneration for the trouble which they have taken in acquiring the property. Under the conditions of Sale on which they have purchased the Mills from the Official Liquidator, Messrs. E.D. Sassoon and Company have also agreed to purchase all cotton in process of manufacture which was on the said machinery at the time of the said Sale and also all glazed yarn, ordinary strores, spare parts of machinery, coal, yarn in cops and bobbins, loose yarn, waste cotton in mixing room and bags of bleached cotton which were on the premises of the said Mills at the time of the said Sale at a valuation to be fixed by two valuers. The valuers have already fixed the price of the said articles at Rs. 1,23,164, which will also have to be paid by the Company to Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Company with interests thereon from the date on which they pay the same to the Official Liquidator.

2. The Land on which the Mill building stands is of Foras Freehold tenure and admeasures about 36,762 square yards. The buildings on the premises are well and strongly built and are fire-proof. The machinery is by some of the best makers and comprise 29,256 Mule and 16,152 Ring, making a total of 45,408 Spindles. The yarn produced by the Mills has a high reputation in the China, local and Calcutta markets, and commands a ready sale. Plans of a building to contain 600 Looms were prepared by the late Agents of the Company, and, should circumstances require it, a Weaving Department can be added.

3. The Directors have arranged that Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Company shall act as the Agents of the Company under the terms and conditions of an Agreement which has been prepared by the Company's said Solicitors and which is expressed to be made between the Company of the one part and the partners constituting the firm of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Company of the other part, and which Agreement can be inspected at their office. Under this Agreement they have agreed to undertake the management of the business of the said Company for an Office Allowance of Rs. 1,200 per month and a Commission at a rate of 15 per cent. on the nett profits of the Company before setting aside any sum as a Reserve or Depreciation Fund with a guaranteed minimum of Rs. 2,000 per month and the said Office Allowance.

4. The Mill is being worked by Messrs. E D. Sassoon and Co., from the 15th day of January last, and under the terms of the Agreement the same shall be deemed to have been worked on behalf of the Company.

5. Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Company are themselves the Proprietors of the Alexandra, the E. D. Sassoon, the Jacob Sassoon and the Rachel Sassoon Mills, and their reputation in the management of such concerns and their financial position are well-known in Bombay.

6. Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Company have agreed to take up half the Capital of the Company, viz. 4,250 Shares out of 8,500 Shares in part payment of the amount payable to them for the property to be acquired from them by the Company. Of the remaining shares to be issued by the Company the Directors and their friends have already agreed to take up 1,500 Shares, and the remaining Shares are now offered for public subscription, payable as follows :—

Rs. 25 per Share on Application.
Rs. 75 per Share on Allotment.
Rs. 50 per Share one month after the date of the Allotment.
Rs. 50 per Share one month from the date of the first Call.

7. Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association and the Agreements hereinabove referred to may be inspected at the office of the Company's Solicitors and every applicant for Shares shall be deemed to have notice of the same. The said two Agreements are to be adopted by the Directors of the Company after the Company is registered.

8. Applications for Shares should be made upon the printed Form and forwarded to the Bankers of the Company, together with the amount payable on Application not later than 3 p.m., on Tuesday, the 26th April, 1910. Where no Allotment is made, the Deposit is to be returned in full, and where the number of Shares allotted is less than the number applied for, the balance of the Deposit will be applied towards the remaining payments.

9. Further particulars and all necessary information, together with Forms for Application for Shares, may be obtained from the Agents at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 2 Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

Dated at Bombay this 1st day of April, 1910.

AMUSEMENTS.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

SATURDAY, APRIL 30th.

Under the Patronage of H. E. the Viceroy and Countess of MINTO in Simla, The Governors of Bombay, Ceylon, Madras, Punjab, Etc., Etc.

FREAR
IN HIS FUNNIEST OF ALL FUNNY ENTERTAINMENTS.
"FRIVOLITIES"
THE SUCCESS OF 43 COUNTRIES.
GROTESQUE AND WHOLESOME
"FUN WITHOUT VULGARITY."

Return visit in consequence of the splendid reception accorded Mr. Frecar on his appearance here seven months ago.

Several New Specialties will be introduced.

Credentials from H. M. King Edward VII, H. I. M. the Sultan of Turkey, The King of Greece, The King of Siam, and nearly all India's Native Rulers on view at SOUNDY & Co.'s, etc., etc.

His Highness of Mysore re-engaged Mr. Frecar for the third time recently, and 4th engagement within 12 months for H. H. of Jhind.

Mr. Frecar was personally complimented by Their Excellencies The Earl and Countess of Minto in Simla.

ROARS OF LAUGHTER GUARANTEED AS BEFORE.

Special Popular Prices:—Stalls and D Circle, Rs 3, Rs. 2 and Re. 1

Plan at SOUNDY & Co.'s

N. B.—Extraordinary success in Calcutta, Empire Theatre crowded nightly.

NOVELTY CINEMATOGRAPH

THE AMERICAN INVASION.
AMERICAN PICTURES
FOR
OUR AMERICAN VISITORS.

1. The Livingston Case.
Attractive Detective Story
and by special request, as extra film
also
2. The Great American Triumph.

GRAND OPERA.
THE FAUST
with five other new subjects.

TIMES—7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 P. M.
PRICES—Rs. 2, 1, 8 and 4 annas.
Boxes to seat 6, Rs. 10.

Note the Name
NOVELTY
CINEMATOGRAPH.

ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.

PROMENADE CONCERT

IN AID OF LOCAL CHARITY.
25th APRIL AT 9-30 P. M.
ADMISSION, Re. 1.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
GRAND CHANGE
OF PROGRAMME.
"FOOLSHEAD"
WITH HIS INIMITIBLE ANTICS,
Splendidly backed up by
MAX LINDER
WITH SIDE-SPLITTING COMICS.
A POWERFUL COMBINATION
Which is bound to make you laugh.
THE NEW PROGRAMME.

(1) The Pact by Max Linder (Comic).
(2) National Horsemen Competition (Sport).
(3) The Trappers, coloured (Dramatic).
(4) A will of her own (Comic).
(5) Mountebank's Son (Pathetic).
(6) "Foolshead" At the Skating Rink (Comic).

ON SUNDAY NEXT.
GRAND PRIZE SHOW
at 7 P. M. (S. T.)
ONE GOLD WATCH,
ONE SILVER WATCH,
and one enamelled Watch
will be given away.
TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

ON SATURDAYS, SPECIAL LATE SHOW
From 11-15 to 12-15 p. m. (S. T.)

DHANBAID IRON WORKS AGENCY,

2, DALAL STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL
BRASS - - - -
AND - - - - -
IRON CASTINGS -
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
EXECUTED AT LOWEST RATES.

Orders from Mills, Factories, and Building Contractors, have careful attention with our prompt despatch of goods.

Designs and estimates furnished on application.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, 2 Green Street, Fort.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Want are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

YOUNG LADY willing to go home as help to any Lady with Children for 2nd Class Passages. Apply Mrs. HUME, Satara.

EUROPEAN GENTLEMAN Offers Rs. 90 per mensem for Board; a well lighted and airy Room near trams, preferably with G. L. and F., also bath. Address W. S., Commercial Gymkhana.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years, during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings. Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

TO LET.—From 1st May, Ridge, Malabar Hill BUNGALOW, lately occupied by Hon'ble Mr. J. S. Jenkins.—Apply C. JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., Girgaum.

TO BE LET.—From 1st May, NEW BUILDING, 2nd Poerkhan St., New Nagpada; Verandah, Sitting, 2 Beds, Dining, Bath, Kitchen, W. C. Apply on premises.

WANTED.—A FITTER, with knowledge of Electrical Fitting Work. Apply at once. No. 75, c/o "Bombay Gazette" office.

DO YOU WANT A FLAT, BUNGALOW or OFFICE? We can suit you at once. Ours is a reliable European Agency.—LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

HOW to obtain a good SECOND-HAND CAR.—Buy your Car after consulting us. We have Cars of almost all the makes in stock.—THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Humum Street, Fort.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 8ths from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 ½d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parekh. Rs. 6. Apply Box No. 405, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WHERE TO STORE YOUR THINGS? With LUARD BARRINGTON and Co., the reliable European Agency for domestic wants, 109, Hornby Road, Bombay.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the "English Mail." A complete resume of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

NIL DESPERANDUM.

WHY despair over the increase of duty? Huntly Blend is an excellent Whisky, and has been in the Market for over 20 years. Even now it will only cost you Rs. 2-6 annas per bottle. Why not give it a trial?

"CLAN MACKENZIE"
SCOTCH WHISKY.

As supplied to the British House of Commons is one of the finest WHISKIES obtainable.

Is supplied to Royalty, Principal Railway and Steamship Companies, Hotels & Clubs all over Europe.

SOLE AGENT :
BOMANJI DHUNJIBHOY,
28, ESPLANADE ROAD.

Can be obtained from
Messrs. MANEKJI & Co., Church Gate Street,
" D. C. UMRIGAR & Co., Crawford Market
Mr. P. C. SHROFF, Corner of Grant Road,
and
ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lenses will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Re. 2-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Furniture such as chairs, easy chairs, sofas, tables, teapoys, side tables, writing and wash-hand tables, cupboards, mirrored single door almirss, side-boards, and some other teakwood second-hand furniture and iron safes, etc.

1 Cottage piano.
3 Milner's safes for office use, 53 by 41 by 29, 29 by 25 by 25, 40 by 40 by 29.

At 3 p. m (S. T.)

Several gent's bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred victoria.
1 rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.
1 rubber-tyred Brougham.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.
The property of a gentleman :—
1 Bay waler mare, aged, 14-3, good trapper, or suitable for light victoria, believed sound.

AUCTION SALE of valuable pearl necklace of 7 strings set with Diamonds and Rubies.

Under instructions from Messrs. Ardesir Hormasji Dinshaw and Co., Attorneys for the vendors, Messrs. Jetha Meti and Kurpal Hemraj, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 26th inst. at 3 p. m. (S. T.) at their Rooms in Fort, on account and at the risk of Mr. Gamanlal Hiralal Dalal.

1 Pearl necklace of 7 strings set with diamonds and rubies.

The above is on view. Cash will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Furniture, made to order, etc., of the Watson's Annexe Hotel, at Apollo Bunder.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay
O. O. C. Jurisdiction.
Suit No. 668 of 1909.

Raja Bahadur Nursingirji Giangirji of Hyderabad (Deccan) .....Plaintiff

vs.

1. Syed Sirdar Ali Khan, Executor of the last Will of Nawab Syed Abdul Hakkarnalkar, Sirdar Diler-ul-Mulk Bahadur, and
2. Haji Jackeria Haji Ahmed Patel.... Defendants.

Under instructions from and by order of Limjee Nowrojee Banajee, Esquire, the Receiver appointed in the above Suit by an order of the High Court, dated the 11th day of November, 1909, and 2nd December, 1909, respectively, and pursuant to the directions contained in the said order, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 26th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), the remaining valuable and substantial made teak and blackwood bedroom, sitting furniture, such as iron single and double bedsteads, single and double mirror doors almyrahs, chest-of-drawers with mirror, easy chair, teapoys, dressing, washhand and writing tables, teapoys, semi-grand piano by Indian Standard Piano Co., mahogany full size billiard table with accessories.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On THURSDAY, the 28th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Evelyn House, Apollo Bunder, near the Saluting Battery, valuable and handsome teak and blackwood French-polished plain and carved dining, drawing and bedroom furniture, such as sliding dining table, arm and armless chairs, handsome sideboard, dinner waggons, silk tapestry upholstered drawingroom suite, ebonized sweet-toned cottage piano, roll top office table, oil pictures, chippendale cabinets, sewing machine, brass hall lamps, carved furniture, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, Singapore cane furniture, small Milner's safe, typewriter, iron and wooden bedsteads, mirror door almirss, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, clothes and hanging presses, camphorwood chest of drawers, glass door book cases, rich glass and porcelainware, electro-plated ware, rich Persian carpets, table and hanging lamps, ice box with refrigerator, books, cooking utensils, etc.

The property of Capt. J. R. Deane and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

ON FRIDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Captain House, Colaba Reclamation, opposite Warrant Officer's Quarters and near Colaba Railway station very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood French polished dining, drawing and bedroom furniture such as sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, mirrors, sideboard, chiffonniers, whatnots, meat safes, tapestry lined drawingroom suite, iron framed cottage piano by R. Rose and Co. in very good order, marble top tables and teapoys, cabinets, chiffoniers, book-cases, pier tables, corner cabinets, writing tables, palm stands, upholstered easy chairs, verandah seats, bed screens, 400 days' clock under dome, Chubb's and Milner's cash boxes, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, mirror chest of drawers, clothes and hanging presses, iron safe, leather portmanteaus, sewing machine, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, rich carpets, rich table ornaments, rich electro-platedware by Elkington and Reed and Barton, glass and porcelainware, ice-box, copper utensils, etc.

The property of S. N. Powell, Esquire, and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE of 15 Looms Reed Power looms by Messrs. William and Mills, Blackburn.

Under instructions from Messrs. Javeri and Co., of Apollo Street, Bombay, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY next, the 29th inst. at 3 p.m. (S. T.) at their Rooms in Fort on account and at the risk of Messrs. The Ahmedabad Shri Ramkrishna Mills Co., Ltd., of Ahmedabad, 15 looms as below :—

16 cases and 15 packages marked R. M. Javeri, Bombay 16-181 and 983—8, 58" reed span left hand looms complete and 7, 58" reed span right hand looms, complete.

For particulars and inspection of one similar complete erected loom, apply to Messrs. Javeri and Co., Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

On SUNDAY, the 1st proximo, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Hope Hill, Masagon, and opposite old Hamilton Hotel compound very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood and mahogany English household furniture, of which few pieces are by Wimbridge and Roberts, such as sliding dining table, arm and armless chairs, mirror back sideboard, dinner waggon, whatnots, handsome English made drawingroom suite, English cabinets, marble top table and teapoys, fret work partition screen, one handsome sweet toned iron framed semi-grand piano by Soundy, sweet toned cottage piano by Soundy, in very good order, handsome oil pictures, iron and brass bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs, marble top dressing and wash-hand table, clothes and hanging presses, gas chandeliers, pier glasses, Persian carpets, cut glass and crockeryware, rich electro-plated ware, rubber-tyred victoria, waler horse, garden plants, fern house, garden roller, etc., etc.

The property of A. F. Soundy, Esquire, and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

Under instructions from the Administrator General, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell, by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 9th May, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their Rooms, the effects of the late Mr. A. P. Morris, consisting of woollen and cotton wearing apparels, boots, shoes, leather trunks, hats and other sundries.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 25th April, 1910.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON.

Under instructions from the B.B. and C.I. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell, by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 26th April, 1910, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), at the Company's Colaba Goods Depot, near the Tramway Company's Stables.

A quantity of loose cotton damaged by fire and water, booked from Rajpardi to Broach.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED LUGGAGE, PARCELS, etc., at G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Railway Act IX of 1890, under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Co., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 9th May, 1910, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the aforesaid place :—

A quantity of unclaimed goods, parcels, etc., etc.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 25th April, 1910.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF STEAM LAUNCHES.

TO-MORROW, MONDAY, the 25th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the Agents, Bombay U. Hujes Steam Navigation Coy., of India, Ltd., the following :—

	Length	Breadth	Depth,
Steam Launch Florence ...	42'	by 9'-2"	by 5'-9"
" " Kate	42'	by 9'-2"	by 5'-9"
" " Shah Esmail ...	37'	by 7'-6"	by 3'-4"

The above are on view at the Mallet Bunder.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE of very Valuable Building Plots at Kolliwada, opposite Orawford Market.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, on Plot No. 12, the following building plots for a term of 999 years :—

Plot No.	Approximate Areas.
10	513 square yards.
11	640 do. do.
12	464 do. do.
13	531 do. do.
14	618 do. do.

Shops will be allowed on all these plots and nahanies will also be allowed near the rooms.

The plots are also so arranged that each plot will have open space of 26 feet on either side.

The Sale of all the above plots will take place on plot No. 12 near the south end of Doongri Street.

For further particulars, Auction and building conditions, form of lease and plan of the sites, can be had on application to the Trust Engineer, Trust Building, Fort, or to the undersigned.

On THURSDAY, the 28th instant, at 2 p. m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, as "Cuffe Parade," Colaba Reclamation, Colaba, the very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved made to order household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, large dining table, arms and without arms chairs, large mirror back side boards and dumbwaiters, handsome drawingroom suites of sofas and chairs, large drawing room cabinets, single and double mirror door almyrahs, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, rich oil paintings and oleographs, chest of drawers, writing table, teapoys, marble top dressing and washhand tables, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, rich Persian and Brussel's carpets, &c., &c., the property of Sir Walter Hughes, Kt., C. I. E., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On FRIDAY the 29th instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Mahomed Building, Hornby Road, Fort, above Messrs. John Roberts and Co., the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, dining table and chairs, sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawingroom suits of sofas and chairs, drawingroom cabinets, glass door almyrahs, one handsome sweet-toned piano by Seymour Dove, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, rich pictures and oleographs, brass and iron single and double Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, rich carpets, etc., etc., the property of H. H. Guest, Esqr., and others.

The property of another gentleman—

One handsome strong rubber-tyred Rugby wheels victoria, with a handsome strong bay Arab horse and harness.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

BONA FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 30th instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Nepean Road, Malabar Hill, very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood, plain and carved household furniture, rich glass, crockeryware and platedware, telescopic dining table in 7 pieces, arm chairs, handsome drawingroom sofas, chairs and easy chairs, drawingroom cabinets, mirror door almyrahs, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, rich pictures and oleographs, one sweet toned ebonized semi-grand piano by Enake, nearly new, old China jars, teapoys, black wood carved furniture, Singapore cane furniture, marble top dressing and washhand tables, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, large size durries, Persian and Brussel's carpets, a large collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, horses and carriages, etc., etc., the property of Lt.-Col. H. P. Dimmock, M.D., I. M. S.

N. B.—Plants will be sold on the same day at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.)

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

On THURSDAY, the 5th proximo, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Ridge Road, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood dining, drawing and bedroom furniture by Roberts, Wimbridge and others, glass and crockeryware, dinner and dessert sets, platedware, cutlery, spoons and forks, dining table and chairs, drawingroom suite of sofas and chairs, cabinets, mirror door almyrahs, chest of drawers, clothes, and hanging press, marble top dressing and wash hand tables, blackwood carved easy chairs, teapoys, flower stands, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, one iron framed sweet toned piano by Schiedmayer and Sohane, in very good order, table, hanging and hall lamps, icebox, Brussels carpets, Persian rugs, China matting, old and new Swiss cottage tents, servants' rowries, canvas cots, garden pots, etc., etc., the property of the Hon'ble Mr. J. L. Jenkins, and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 25th April, 1910.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO MOTORISTS AND OTHERS.

SALE OF A HUMBER MOTOR CAR.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th inst., if not previously sold by private contract, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.).

One four-cylinder Humber Car, 12 H. P., five seated, Stepney wheels, glass screen, hood and with magneto and accumulator and with all accessories complete.

The car has only been used for about four months, and is in very good working order and is in a condition equal to new.

SALE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT KAMATIPURA Centre Road, and at Bapty Road, out of Fort.

Messrs SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co., will, by order of the first mortgagee, Shs Narotum Anandji and the second mortgagee, Marwadi Umedmul Manekla! and others, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Esoofali Kadibhai Mithaiwala, and pursuant to the powers of sale vested in the mortgagee by the indenture of mortgage, dated the 24th December, 1908, and the further charge, dated the 16th June, 1909, made between the said mortgagor of the one part and the said mortgagee of the other part, and by the indenture of second mortgage bearing date the 26th day of December, 1908, made between the said mortgagor of the one part, and the second mortgagee of the other part, sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 25th day of May, 1910, at 4-30 p. m. (S.T.), the following immovable property on the premises :—

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground, containing by admeasurement 67½ square yards or thereabouts, together with all messuages or buildings thereon, situate at Kamatipoora Centre Road and Bapty Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Survey No. 3-4603 and New Survey No. 5753 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Ward E, No. 769, and Street No. 139-141, and bounded as follows, i.e., on or towards the East by the said Kamatipoora Centre Road, on or towards the West by the property of Amabai Bejanji Rana, on or towards the North by a lane and beyond that by the property of Cowasji Jiwanji Gorkhodia, and on or towards the South by the said Bapty Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned Auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 25th April, 1910.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1. Apply No. 404, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, April 22.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent.	...	81 1-16 unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs.		25-24+c-i 1-4
Rentes 3 per cent...	...	98 3/4 unchgd
Berlin Cheques on London	...	20·49 1/2 unchgd
Bar Silver Spot...	...	24 3/4+3-16
Do. 2 months hence ...	...	24 3/4+3-16
Closing Tone of Silver.—Indian Bazars buying.		
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent	...	63 1-4 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying rate)	...	1-3-15 unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate 4 per cent. since 17th Mar. 1910.		
Amount paid into the Bank of England about	...	£ 200,000
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan) ...	...	95 1/2 unchgd
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	...	2 7/8 unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st		3 5/8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months		4 1/8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months		4 1-4 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.)...	...	77·9 unchgd
Interest day to day loans...	...	3 1-8 unchgd
Do. of day market loans ...		3 1/2 unchgd

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay ...	...	£ 30,000
Gold to Bombay ...	...	£ 210,000

£ 375,000 has been earmarked for the purpose of Indian Paper Currency Reserve.

MANCHESTER, April 22.

COTTON.

Total day's Sales at Liverpool ... 4,000 Bales.
Do. day's Sales on Spot and for Exp ..... "
Do. day's Sales of East Indian ... 200 "
Do. day's Imports ... ... 27,000 "
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot.—Dull.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures—Steady.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian... Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market ... Steady.
Mid Americans ... ... 7·87—2
Egyptian F. G. F. 15 1-8

	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.
Cotton Delivery	7·58	7·55	7·51
	—3	—3	—2
Mid Uplands	J.-A.	A.-S	S.-O.
	7·46	7·17	6·74
G. O. C.	—2	—2	—3
	O.-N.	N.-D.	D.-J.
Liverpool	6·57	6·49	6·47
	unchgd	—1	unchgd

Sales increased yesterday by 1,000 bales.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 22,

COTTON :—		
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	...	13,000
Do. Last year ...	...	23,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain	...	5,000
Do. Exports to Continent ...	...	5,000
Futures at New York..... May 14·75 — 9		Declined owing to bear pressure and liquidation and to bearish week-end statistics.
Do at New York..... July 14·53 — 6		
Spot Cotton at New York...	...	15·15—10
Fair Rio Coffee (No.7 quality)	...	8 1-2 unchgd
Demand Bills ...	...	4·87 3/4 unchgd
Silver Commercial Bars ...	...	53 3/4—3/8
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	...	14 5-8 unchgd
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	...	Quiet.
Futures at New Orleans ...	...	— May 14·51—8
Do. at New Orleans ...	...	July 14·56—10

	bales.
Weekly Receipts of Cotton at U. S. Ports	85,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain... ...	29,000
Do. Exports to France and Continent	19,000
Do. Exports to Japan	2,000
Stock of Cotton at U. S. Ports ...	540,000
Do. of Cotton at Interior Ports ...	395,000

Messrs. John Munn and Co :—

The better tone which characterised the cloth market previous to the Easter Holiday has hardly been maintained since the resumption of business, sellers' accounts of the amount of trade offering very considerably, but all are agreed upon the difficulty experienced in completing the transactions. Makers are indisposed to enter into heavy engagements on the terms arranged for recent contracts, but attempts to secure higher figures restrict operations. Advices from China report satisfactory sales, but as the rates ruling there for certain articles are not yet sufficient to cover cost of replacing, correspondents view with some apprehension the purchases lately made on this side. A fair inquiry is reported in some quarters for India, generally at impracticable limits. Some of the smaller Eastern outlets are open for moderate quantities at the prices last paid. Shippers to the Levant are not indifferent, but cannot make up their minds to purchase on a normal scale at current values. In the other departments no material change can be recorded since our last issue. Prices are not much altered, but the tendency is against buyers.

Yarns.—Inquiry continues fairly prominent in this section, but actual trading has not yet reached important dimensions. Producers of American qualities are somewhat firmer, though advances are difficult to secure in either twist or weft, and manufacturers, owing to the extended stoppage over the holidays, show little inclination to enter into negotiations of moment. Bolton spinnings remain neglected and sales are rare, but prices all round are well maintained. Export bundles, as previously noted, are in rather better request, and more business has transpired in certain qualities. Continental demand, however, is poor, quotations are steady and on balance do not show much change from a fortnight ago.

LONDON, April 22.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

F. G. F. Tinnevelly Liverpool C.I.F....	6 10-32,
Buyers or Sellers... ...	Sellers.
Months	Apl.-May.
Fair Red Coconada C. I. F. London ...	5 28-32
Cocconada Ginned C. I. F. London	5 28-32
G. Madras Westerns C. I. F. London...	6 3-32
Cotton Stock in London	4,510 bales.

LINSEED.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata)	61 1-2
Do. Argentine (La Plata) months—Apl.-May.	
Do. Argentine (La Plata) Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Argentine (La Plata) Buyers, Sellers, &c	Sellers.

WHEAT.

AUSTRALIAN.

Victorian	38 1/2
Months—March.	
Buyers, etc.—Value.	
New South Wales	38 3/4
Months—March.	
Buyers, etc.—Sellers.	
Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C. I. F.... ...	37 1-4
Do. Months—May-June.	
Do. Name of Port—London.	
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Buyers.	
Wheat F. A. Q. Red Karachi, per 492 lbs C.I.F.	38 3-4
Do. Months—May-June.	
Do. Name of Ports—London.	
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Buyers.	
Tone—Firmer.	

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujerat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship	45 3-4
Do. Months—April-May.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.	
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ...	45 1/4
Do. Months—Apl.-May.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc.—Nominal.	
Tone of Rapeseed—Easier.	
Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship ...	65 1-2
Do. Months—May-June.	
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Tone of Linseed—Easier.	

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F.	
India double bags.	17-3 1-4
Months of Shipment, May-Aug.—Sellers.	
Tone of Sugar—Steady.	

METAL.

Copper Braziers	— £ 68 0
Yellow Metal	d 6 1-8
Tin Plates J. C. Coke 14 by 20 112 Sheets per box weighing 90 lbs C. I. F. Bombay...	.....
Bar Iron Belgian Ordinary sizes F. O. B. Antwerp	£ 5 5 0
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 guage G. O. B. 4 per cent. F. O. B. Liverpool	£11 2 6
Basic Steel Bars F. O. B. Antwerp ...	£5 17 6

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ... ... 12-1 Value.

FREIGHT.

Coals—Cardiff to Bombay Canal—9-3

BOMBAY, APRIL 23.

EXCHANGE.

The market opened steady at 1s. 4 1-16d. for T.T., 1s. 4 3-32d. for demand and 1s. 4 5-16d. to 1s. 4 11-32d. for 3 months' sight credits.

We quote :—

Bank's selling—

T. T. Ready	...	1s. 4 3-32d.
D. D. Mail	...	1s. 4 3-32d.
T. T. Forward	...	1s. 4 1-32d. May
Bank's Buying—		"
Private D. D. Ready	...	1s. 4 5/32d.
Credits 3 m/s " Forward	...	1s. 4 5-16d. 15th May
" " 6 m/s Ready	...	1s. 4 15/32d
France 3 m/s "	...	171 1/4
Marks 3 m/s "	...	139 1/4
60 d/s. Hongkong	...	130 1/4
" Shanghai	...	175
" Japan	...	149

The market is steady.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Government Paper market has not moved to-day. The rates are

94 1-2 ready ... ... } Sellers.
94 9-16 forward ... ... }

BULLION.

Bar Silver in London advanced 3-16 both for ready and forward and New York also was 3-8 up. On Saturday morning silver locally opened at Rs. 72-6-0. London market, having a good demand from India, advanced. Our market remained strong and demand continued the whole day on a moderate scale. Futures advanced at the close to Rs. 72-10-0. There was a good demand for ready and about 125 to 130 packages changed hands. The tendency of the market is upward.

Gold market in absence of up-country and local demand remained dull and there being very little business prices were easier by quarter of an anna. Sovereigns were in good demand as usual and prices remained unchanged.

We quote :—

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
97 touch Fakirsett	23	8	0
97 touch	27	7	0
National Bank	24	1	6
Chartered Bank	24	0	0
Sovereigns Shield	15	4	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	24	1	0

SILVER.

	Rs.	a.	p.
17 1/2 Penny	72	9	0
17 Penny ready	72	8	0
Local per tola	0	11	0
First Settlement	72	10	0
Second	72	12	0

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Linseed.—London prices were unchanged. Demand for ready and forward was very little and prices declined by an anna. Tone—Quiet.

Rapeseed.—London quotations were 3d. up, but locally there being no demand prices declined by an anna. Tone—Quiet.

Wheat.—London advanced 1-8. Business is moderate and prices are unchanged. Tone—Steady.

Castorseed.—There being few sellers very little business is passing and prices were easier by eight annas. Tone—Firm.

Gingellyseed.—Demand being good prices were put up by an anna. Tone—Firm.

Cottonseed } Quiet but steady.
Poppyseed } Prices unchanged.
Mowrasseed }

Description.		Rate.
Linseed, Bold	...	...Rs. 10 15
Linseed, Small	...	... " 10 13
RAPESEED—		
Brown Cawnpore	...	...Rs. 6 9
Yellow do.	...	... " 7 6
Do. Gujarat	...	... " 7 8
Poppyseed	...	... " 9 12
Castorseed	...	... " 38/8 to 40/8
Mowrasseed...	...	... " 6 12
Maize ...	...	... " 32 to 33
Groundnuts	...	... " 42 to 45
Mustardseed	...	... " 85 to 92
Gingellyseed	...	... " 41 to 51
Khandesh Howri	...	}
Gulburga do.	...	} " 49 to 50
Kalbur do.	...	}
Itarsi do.	...	}
White Gin, Bold 95/5		}
Do. do do 85/15		} " 45 to 49
Do. do, do. 75/25...		}
Do. 50/50...		}
Do. Gin, Small 50/50...		} " 42 to 44
Do. do. 85/15...		}
Gin, Black Beaver ...		} " 42 to 43
Do. do. Gadag ...		}
Gin Red Khandwa ...		} " 43 to 45
Do. Jeggi ...		}
Do. Yellow Hingaughat		}
Do. do. Secunderabad		} " 49 to 54
Do. do. Gujarat		}
Do. Black Kutni		} " 41 to 42
Do. Ahmedabad...		}
WHEAT—		
Pissi ...	...	... " 35 to 38
Hard Red...	...	... " 32 to 33
Cottonseed ...	...	... " 25 to 26

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Friday, 22nd April :—

Wheat ...	...	18,793 cwts
Linseed ...	...	22,588 "
Rapeseed ...	...	38,768 "
Gingellyseed ...	...	4,228 "
Poppyseed...	...	11,878 "
Groundnuts ...	...	1,430 "
Castorseed...	...	11,183 "
Rice ...	...	5,206 "
Myrabollams ...	...	7,004 "
Cottonseed...	...	30,533 "
Mowrasseed...	...	... "
Gram ...	...	2,182 "
Joowar ...	...	3 "
Maize ...	...	636 "

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bombay	...	1,477 1-2
India	...	67
Indian Specie	...	53

MILLS.

David	...	385
Kohinoor	...	690
Mancekji Petit	...	2,792 1-2
New Great Eastern ...	...	175

MISCELLANEOUS.

Badham Pile & Co		138
Bamanjua Mangaonee ...	...	3 1-2
Bombay E. S. and T. Co. Ord.		94
Bombay E. S. T. C. Pref. ...		160
Bombay Burmah Trading Corp.		527 1-2

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad-Dholka		116
Ahmedabad-Prantej		597 1/2
Amritsar-Patti		130
Tapti-Valley		452 1/2 to 55

COTTON.

Liverpool was Re. 1 to 3 points down New York Rs.10 and New Futures also declined Rs. 9 and 6.

Our market at Colaba was dull having very little demand from the Mills and exporters and prices for ready declined by Rs. 2 to 3. There being more sellers for futures market remained easier. Good opened at Rs. 289 but sellers being few Broach declined at the close to Rs. 285.

We learn of the following purchases :—

Bales.			Rs.
100	Globe Mill	...Amraoti	280
100	Bombay Co	...Nagpur	305
100	Colaba Land	...Mulkapur	280
100	do	...Anjar	305
100	do	...Kalagin	290
100	do	...Ellichpur	260
100	Hindustan Mills	...Khandesh	260
100	Greaves Cotton & Co	...Amraoti	280
100	J. A. Begbie	...Miraj	315
200	Volkart Bros	...Bengal	248
200	Indo-China Mills	...Bengal	252

We quote :—

Bengal Hand Gin. Fine	...	284
" Good	...	252
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine	...	282
" Good	...	169
Sind Punjab Fine	...	281
" Good	...	265
Khandesh Fine	...	285
" Good	...	276
Amraoti Fine	...	285
" Good	...	287
Akola Khangaum Fine	...	296
" Good	...	285
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine	...	301
" Good	...	293
Yeotmal Fine	...	307
" Good	...	269
Nagpore Fine	...	310
" Good	...	302
Wardha Hinganghat Fine	...	313
" Good	...	305
Methia Fine	...	286
" Good	...	276
Broach Gin Fine	...	339
" Good	...	333
Sawginned Fine	...	327 ApMay
Coompta Ginned	...	319 "
Westerns "	...	306 "

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Friday, 22nd April :—

Khandesh	126	Bales.
Central India...	414	"
Barsi and Nagur	252	"
Berar	948	"
Central Provinces	415	"
Oomras...	2,155	"
Dholera	2,487	"
Broach...	1,575	"
Coompta and Dharwar	1,476	"
Westerns	58	"
Bengals (N W. P.) ...	387	"
Bengals (Rajputana) ...	810	"
Sind	.....	"
Persian	11	"
American	.....	"
Total ...	9,198	Bales.

LIVERPOOL, April 23.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone		Quiet but steady.
Estimated Sales		4,000
Total Imports		9,000
Future Delivery Prices :—		
Apl.—May.	...	7·58—2
May—June	...	7·52—3
June—July	...	7·49—2
July—Aug.	...	7·43—3
Aug.—Sept.	...	7·15—2
Sept.—Oct.	...	6·72—2
Oct.—Nov.	...	6·55—2
Nov.—Dec.	...	6·47—2
Dec.—Jan.	...	6·45—2
Market is steady.		

FREIGHTS.

April.

Ports.	Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp — ...	15 0	... 15 0
Dunkirk	15 6	... 16 0
Havre	15 0	... 16 6
Hull	.....	.....
Liverpool	15 0	15 6
Marseilles	15 0	15 6
Genoa	15 6	16 0
London	.....	.....
Hamburg	16 0	16 6
Trieste	17 0	18 0
Venice... ...	17 0	18 0
Open Ports	May & June	14 9

METALS.

We quote :—

		lbs.	
Copper Braziers 4×4 ...	...	21	
		28	
		35	
		42	
		56	Rs. 55 4
		63	
		70	
		77	
		84	
Yellow Metal Sheets ...	...	21	
		28	
		35	
		42	Rs. 45 4
		49	
		56	
Tin Ingots. ...	...	...	... 40 8
Spelter	S M	...	}
	M M	...	} " 38 8
	J	...	}
	G	...	}
Georgshutte		...	... " 22 4
Copper Ingots	K S	...	... " 48 10
Copper Sheetings	...lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14		" 51 8
Yellow Metal Sheetings	lbs. 14, 16		
	10, 12		" 47 0

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Friday, April 22.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions.	Coin, Sovs. and half Sovs.	Other coin.
1 Box ...	...	3,250	...
1 Parcel ...	...	7,050	4,887

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions.	Govt. of India Rs.	Coin. Other coin.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
208 Bars ...	3,75,000	...	...
299 do ...	5,25,000	...	...
288 do ...	5,25,000	...	...
161 do ...	3,06,716	...	...
1 Bundle ...	...	300	...
5 Bundles ...	...	6,200	...
1 Parcel ...	...	21	...

Importers.	Vessel.	From
Mercantile Bank of India.	Caledonia	London
Hongkong Bank	do	do
Yokohama Specie Bank ...	do	do
Chartered Bank of India A. and China ...	do	do
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corp... ...	do	Marseilles
M. Mackenzie & Co ...	Lhasa	C Mandvi
L Thakersee	C Croft	Abass
M. Cohen and Fils ...	Africa	Trieste

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 21st April, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	35	38,787
B. B. & C. I. Railway.	29	33,171

LONDON, April 23.

Consols 2 1/2 per cent.	81—1-16
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs...	25·23 1/2—0 1/2
Rentes 3 per cent.	98 1-2 unchgd
Berlin Cheques on London ...	20·50+0 1/2
Bar Silver Spot.... ...	24 3/4 unchgd
Do. 2 months hence.	24 3-4 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver Indian Buyersbuying.	
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent. ...	63 1-4 unchgd
Exchange on India 30 days' sight ...	1 3 15 unchgd
(Bank buying rate).	
Discount Bank of England Rate 4 per cent. since 17-3-10	
Amount Paid into the Bank of England about	£100,000 for South America
3 1/2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan) ...	95 1-2 unchgd
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight...	3 15-16+1-16
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	3 3/4+1-8
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months...	4 1/8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months...	4 1/4 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.)	77·3 unchgd
Interest day to-day loans ...	3 1/4—1-8
Do. of day market loans ...	3 5/8+1-8

MANCHESTER, April 23.

COTTON.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ...	4,000
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp	.....
Do. Day's Sales of East Indian ...	.....
Do. Day's Imports...	9,000
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot ...	Dull.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ...	Quiet.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian...	Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market... ...	Quiet.
Mid-Americans	7·82—5
Egyptian F. G. F.	14 7/8+1/8

Cotton Delivery	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.	J.-A.	A.-S.
Mid Uplands	7·55	7·52	7·48	7·43	7·16
G. O. C.	—3	—3	—3	—3	—3
	S.-O	O.-N.	N.-D.	D.-J.	
Liverpool	6·72	6·54	6·47	6·45	
	—3	—3	—2	—2	

Sales increased yesterday by 2,000 bales.

New York, April 23.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	...	18,000
Do. Last year	...	20,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain	...	2,000
Do. Exports to Continent ...	...	5,000
Futures at New York ..... May 14·71—4		Declined on commission house liquidation and on reported slack spot demand.
Do at New York ..... July 14·51—2		
Spot Cotton at New York ...		15·15 unchgd
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)		8 1/2 unchgd
Demand Bills		4·87 3-4 unchgd
Silver Commercial Bars ...		53 3/4 unchgd
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ...		15 5/8 unchgd
Tone of Spot Cotton		Steady
Futures at New Orleans ...		May 14·46—5
Do. at New Orleans ...		July 14·55—1

LONDON, April 23.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

	Bales.
Total Sales	48,000
Do. Speculation	2,000
Do. Export	1,000
Do. Forwarded Consumers ...	57,000
Do. Actual Export	5,000
Do. Import of the Week ...	64,000
Do. Stock	729,000
East Indian Total Sales — ...	400
Do. Indian Speculation	.....
Do. Indian Export	.....
Do. Indian Forwarded Consumers ...	4,500
Do. Indian Actual Export...	800
Do. Indian Import of the Week ...	2,000
Do. Indian Stock.	23,000
American Afloat	110,000
Indian Afloat	33,000
Cotton Stock in London	.....
Do. Total Visible Supply...	293,000
Do. Total Visible Supply East Indian	284,000
Do. Quantity in Sight	946,000

WHEAT.

AUSTRALIAN.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs C.I.F....	37 1-4
Do. Months—May-June.	
Do. Name of Ports—London.	
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers	
Wheat F. A. Q. Red Karachi, per 492 lbs C.I.F....	38 3-4
Do. Months—May-June.	
Do. Name of Ports—London.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Tone—Easier.	

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujrat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship. ...	46 1-4
Do. Months—April-May.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.	
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.	
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship ...	45 1/4
Do. Months—April-May.	
Do. Name of Ports—London.	
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.	
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 416 lbs ex-ship...	41 1-2
Do. Months—Apr.-May.	
Do

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Pelicans...Comdr C S Hickman...R I Marine
H M S Fox.....Comdr Hunt .....Royal Navy
R I M S Lapwing...Lt Comdr MacLean...Royal Navy
H I M S Redbreast.....Shateer .....R I M
R I M S Hardinge.....Comdr Farewell.....R I M
R I M S Northbrook...Comdr W B Huddleston R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—April 23.

Africa	1302	Chappel	M M & Co
Ayuthia	634	Curtis	F F Campbell and Co
Adamsturm	3158	Selbji	W & A Graham & Co
Africa	2565	Soberich	A L S N & Co
Britannia	1969	Hales	Ro & H S & Co
Blake	3896	Hill	W & A Graham & Co
Clematis	2329	Davis	Andrew Yuel & Co
Coniston Water	2832	Jones	T Morrison & Co
City of Manchester	3562	Findlay	Killick Nixon & Co
Comodore	2914	Bass	
Corinth	2359	Chadwick	
Dewanha	4785	Powell	P & O S N Co
E F Ferdinand	8842	Cobol	A L S N & Co
Harpenden	2302	Cromack	A Yuill & Co
Harlyn	2233	Bird	W & A Graham & Co
Haigh Hall	3069	Davison	W & A Graham & Co
Hurst	2997	Moody	
Imaum	2703	Wigdahl	Killick Nixon & Co
Itinda	3398	Goss	M M & Co
Kinggate	2370	Cheshire	
Kasara	505	Elton	M M & Co
Lawada	2124	Lane	M M & Co
Lawmoor	3560	Pippet	The Bombay & Co Ld
Linga	951	Rothwell	M M & Co
Linga	951	Cutbush	M M & Co
Margarita	911	Williams	S N & Co
Mantua	5306	Vibert	P & O S N & Co
Mansfield	3852	Davies	
Najmi	2522	Hallet	E & A M Jeewanji
Naderi	1169	Gore	B & P S N Co
Nerbadda	1960	Crus	M M & Co
Naseri	911	Miere	B & P S N Co
Nippon	4014	Tarabochia	A L S N Co
Pohhokian	4737	Watson	K Nixon & Co
Rahmani	1872	Coates	B & P S N Co
Shah Ameer	1521	Pigott M'tius.	20-4 B & H S N & Co
Shah Jehan	2566	Born	B & H S N & Co
Strathgarry	2840	Stanhope	W & A Graham & Co
Sheikh Barkhad	158	Parks	Killick Nixon & Co
Saifi	502	Willoughley	B & H S N & Co
Spanish Prince	4218	Jones	Homayun 2155 Beard
Somali	1615	Greive	A Strandis & Co
Uhjina	3426	Hill	M M & Co
Wearmouth	2307	Catto	W & A Graham & Co
Warora	2564	Stewart	M M & Co
Westmoor	2341	Waddle	

VESSELS IN DOCK.—April 23.
PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
C&R Clan Leslie	2499	Goodevine	N F	J Finlay & Co
D&E Hindoo	3156	Groves	Hull	23-4	James Finlay & Co
F Stanley Hall	2660	Henderson	Liverpool	23-4	Killick Nixon & Co
H Ferozi	2005	Premrose	Jeddah	21-4	B & P S N & Co
M Harcroft	2586	Mackenzie	Hull	20-4	W & A Graham & Co
N Japanie	2296	Shudforth	Manchester	20-4	W & A Graham & Co
P Bellucia	2786	Kedder	London	2-4	James Finlay & Co
Q Silverdale	3440	Rutter	Genoa	20-4	W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Scindia	3253	Kelso	Liverpool	23-4	W & A Graham & Co
3 Arlington Court	2832	Jones	Antwerp	20-4	W & A Graham & Co
5 Clan Macpherson	3041	McPherson	Dunkirk	22-4	James Finlay & Co
7 Zibengla	2690	Dickinson	N F	M M & Co
8 Iddesleigh	2582	Robsen	Hull	20-4	W & A Graham & Co
10&11 Uhenfels	3568	Kihler	Hamburg	16-4	W & A Graham & Co
13 Bardistan	2500	Davies	Antwerp	20-4	W & A G & Co
14 Harpeake	2340	Daniels	Kobe	23-4	W & A Graham & Co
15 Colombo Maru	2920	Comber	Kobe	24-4	N Y Kaisha

ARRIVALS.

Apr	Vessel.	Commander.	From
24	Caledonien s	Lafont	M'seilles, Apr 7
	Linga s	Catbush	Karachi, Apr 21
	Corinth s	Chadwick	Calcutta, Apr 10
	Westmoor s	Waddle	P Said, Apr 6
	Nippon s	Tarabochia s	Kobe, Mar 14
	Hurst s	Moody	Calcutta, Apr 13

DEPARTURES.

Apr.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
24	Caledonien s	Lafont	Noumea
	Silverdale s	Rutter	Genoa
	Colombo Maru s	Combes	Kobe
	E F Ferdinand s	Cobel	Kobe
	Scindia s	Kelso	Liverpool
	Mantua s	Vibart	London
	City of Calcutta	Miller	Liverpool
	Kasara s	Elton	Persian Gulf
	Ferozi s	Primrose	Jeddah
	ShahAmeer s	Halse	Mauritius
	Harpeak s	Daniel	Kobe

The following vessels began to load on Saturday:—
Steamer Caledonia for London.
" Nippon for Trieste.
" Silerian for Hamburg, etc.
" Adamstarm for Hamburg, etc.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Apl.	Vessel.	From
21	Ranenfels	Antwerp

ARRIVALS.

Per s.s. "Castalia," April 25.

The Anchor Line s.s. "Castalia" is due to arrive today, and will land her following passengers at Anchor Line Shed, Victoria Dock about 12 o'clock :—

Cartland, Mr A S
Hogarth, Miss J H L
Johnson, Mr and Mrs H F
Lakin, Mrs H H and infant
Ogilvie Maj
Mulo Ram, Miss
Sloman, Mrs M
Sowerby-Coo, Mr C W

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. on Saturday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	0	0	7
B Mandvi, Chukla, Comerkhadi and Dongri	2	0	11
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Panaswady, Shuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	10	9	20
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	2	1	9
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	9	10	31
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	3	3	10
G Mahim and Worli	9	6	19
Water Division	0	0	0
Harbour	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	1	13
Total	35	30	120
This day last year	89	77	177

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.
April 23rd 1910.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	100	67	10
B	129	67	13
B	148	170	21
C	113	118	17
D	105	29	2
E	72	13	1
E	78	76	16
F	72	7	0
G	48	2	0
Total	865	549	80
Total killed to date			1,414

FRESH FLOWERS.

BEST FLORAL TRIBUTES on funeral occasions. Wreaths, Crosses, Bridal bouquets of Orange Blossoms and Sprays. Bouquets, Garlands, Fancy Floral Baskets, Cut Flowers, Button-holes, Pads to orders. Fruit, Flowering and Foliage plants, palms, etc. PRICES MODERATE. Orders received day and night.

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TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST
By Appointment to
H. E. THE EARL OF MINTO, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA
AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., I.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

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GREAVES COTTON & CO.,
Electrical Engineers and Contractors,
BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 25th April, 1910.

A MADRAS MUNICIPAL IDEAL.

INDEPENDENT Municipal Government, despite its occasional failures, has for years been a popular feature of Bombay civic life, and any attempt to interfere with its privileges would evoke the most eloquent protests from the tribunes of the people who protect the interests of the ratepayers and control the expenditure of the local exchequer. We are in a position, therefore, to sympathise with less fortunate Madras, whose principal Municipal bodies are still in the swaddling clothes provided for them by the archaic regulations which became law when Lord Ripon decided that India was sufficiently advanced to be entrusted with the responsibilities of Local Self-Government. It is true that the enactments of the Southern Presidency have undergone a few periodical modifications since they were first framed, but they still lack much of the comprehensiveness visible in similar codes introduced elsewhere, which enable Municipal bodies to conduct their parish affairs with a minimum of official intervention. Whatever may be the reasons for this curious conservatism of its Government, the fact remains that there is a disinclination to remove checks that have largely disappeared in other provinces, and the Governor in Council may, and does, interfere to a degree which occasionally produces rather ludicrous situations. Thus, not long ago, the Madras City Corporation came into collision with its official sponsors on the question of the appointment of a subordinate which, elsewhere, would not have been questioned, but had to be minuted and resolved upon in the Secretariat before the objections to it could be cleared away. A more recent example was the composition of a resolution decreeing that a bicycle which a Mofussil Municipality had ventured to include in its budget might be sanctioned on the condition that it was procured through the India Office, and it would be possible to give other amusing instances of Madras exactitude in petty matters above which other Governments do not concern themselves. But the situation becomes distinctly ironical when we find a member of its Government declaring in general terms that the expansion of Local Self-Administration through the agency of Municipal Councils and other representative bodies was an object that would receive every legitimate encouragement. This pronouncement was made in a recent debate of its Legislative Council, and it is difficult to perceive how the official conscience, resilient as it may be, can harmonise this assertion with what is happening at Ootacamund where Self-Government has been practically extinguished because its intelligent inhabitants—many of whom are Europeans and ex-members of the Services—are supposed to be incapable of appreciating the privileges of the electoral franchise. The Madras Government has recently had under consideration a memorial from the ratepayers of its summer capital which reveals a curious condition of affairs, but has failed to convert it to a recognition of the obligations voiced in its own Council on the subject of civic independence. The most important suggestion of the memorialists was a request, based on the reasons given in their document, for the restoration of their right to elect the members to the local Municipal Council of which they were deprived in the closing years of last century, because the Government were displeased with the condition of civic affairs in the Nilgiris and decided to use the authority conferred upon them by certain clauses of the Act for the reconstruction of this body. To quote the Government justification of its attitude : "The Collector at that time reported that "the Municipal Administration left very "much to be desired ; the market had been "neglected, the conservancy carts were in a "noxious state, the slaughter houses in a "deplorable condition. Money was required, "but the Collector found that the Council, "as then constituted, declined to raise the "rates of any of the more important taxes "leviable under the Act."

To remedy this state of affairs it was determined to reduce the number of elective seats to two, the remaining ten being filled by nomination. Another reason assigned for this change was that the ratepayers of twelve years ago took no visible interest in Municipal matters, that it was difficult to induce suitable persons to stand for election. According to the Government reply to the memorial this inconsequence is still a feature of the situation as there has been but one contested election in the last decade at which only a tenth of the voters polled. But this neglect may well be due to the knowledge that independent members in the proportion of two to ten could exercise no practical influence on the procedure of a body of official nominees, hence there was no electoral enthusiasm when either of the seats became vacant. It must be admitted, however, that financially the Government interposition has been useful, as thanks to its formidable schedule of taxes, the most important of which are still below the maximum, the Municipal exchequer is well-found, and has been recently able to redeem some of its outstanding debentures, but in some respects its general administration is still imperfect, as pointed out in the representation of the ratepayers. For example, some eight years have elapsed since the Municipality was placed under a Chairman-Engineer, and the best proof of his capability is to be found in the fact that the same occupant of the office has been twice re-elected by the Council, but there is now a concensus of opinion that the appointments should be separated, because "the duties now required of a Chairman are such as can only be adequately "discharged by a whole-time officer of whom "no other work is required." Similar arguments were put forward in support of the proposal to appoint a Health Officer who would relieve the Civil Surgeon of his sanitary responsibilities and enable the Municipality to exercise a closer supervision over this most important section of its work through a subordinate under the immediate control of the Council.

But the Government have thrown out both these suggestions chiefly on the score of expense and also because they are satisfied with the present arrangements, and are not convinced that the memorialists have shown sufficient cause for interfering with them. Other matters put forward for official consideration were the high cost of establishment, vexatious prosecution of the poorer classes of ratepayers, the house-connections for the new drainage scheme, the abolition of the servants' tax and the more considerate treatment of property-owners. On all these points, with the exception of the last, the Government reply traverses the assertions of the memorial, the conclusion finally reached being that the adoption of its suggestions "would only lead "to a deterioration in the efficiency of the "work done, while an increase in the cost "would necessarily be followed by a further "increase in taxation, which would lead to "even greater dissatisfaction than that "which now exists." The only tangible result seems to be the exaction from Government of an admission that there is discontent with the existing modes of administration which however it refuses to alleviate by accepting any of the proposals formulated for its amendment. This position must be paradoxical even to the official conscience, but we are probably accurate in assuming that the real explanation lies in a disinclination on the part of the Government to relinquish any portion of the control they have acquired over the civic affairs of their summer capital. The nature and extent of this sway has been discussed by us in previous articles and we need not, therefore, rehearse its characteristics on the present occasion, except to point out that they are wholly incompatible with the proposed desire to promote the interests of Self-Government. The discontent which exists among the ratepayers of Ootacamund, as voiced in this rejected memorial, is traceable not to the new building regulations, but to a real desire to be entrusted with the regulation and management of their own concerns, like other important district municipalities. And if the town were situated anywhere else, there would probably be but little difficulty in arranging this point, but as it happens to be the official capital of Madras for three-fourths of the year its disappointed ratepayers must accept a situation which, so far as we are aware, has no parallel in any other large Municipality, and which is quite at variance with the ideals of Local Self-Government.

To Explore the Deep Seas. A MODEST expedition, but one of great scientific importance, is that which set out from Plymouth recently for the deep waters of the North Atlantic. "The Michael Sars", a ship which has been lent by the Norwegian Government, carries some half dozen English and Norwegian scientists, and her mission is to add to our knowledge of what goes on in the underworld of the sea. The head of the expedition is Sir John Murray, who took part in the work of the "Challenger" expedition thirty years ago and will now continue it, with the advantages which all the improved appliances that have been invented since that time for reaching the life of the sea-bottom, can bestow. It seems difficult to believe, but it is recorded that not long ago the scientists on board brought up at one haul one hundred new kinds of fishes. We are thus given some notion of the possibilities which confront an expedition of this kind, of the many new things it may discover, the many problems on which it may shed light. It is hoped that the expedition will gain knowledge on the quantity and location of shoals of fish from calculating the direction of spawn on the surface of the water. Experiments will be made to test the depth to which sunlight penetrates sea water, there will be researches into problems connected with the direction of the Gulf Stream, and attempts will be made to find out the rate at which ooze accumulates in the deep seas. This last is a matter of immediate importance, for it is known that the telegraph cables are covered with accumulations of ooze. Also the expedition will carry on abstruse researches into the mysterious tidal currents that flow three miles down—depths which poets people with monsters, but in which the scientists find bare leagues of glacial deposit.

Two Well-worn Subjects. MUCH of the time of the Municipal Corporation of Bombay was devoted at its last meeting to the discussion of two well-worn subjects, but it is hardly surprising to find that no progress was made with them. One was the question of the erection of cotton presses in popular neighbourhoods, a matter which is of great importance as affecting the health of the city. In the particular case, which raised the question on this occasion, the Commissioner stated that no nuisance would be caused, but there have been many complaints from other localities at various times, and it was a sensible and practical proposal that a special committee should be appointed to deal with such matters in the future these. The Commissioner who evidently feels some difficulty in what is probably a delicate matter, welcomed the suggestion as one which would afford him valuable assistance. However it did not find favour, and was defeated by a majority. Possibly the Council sympathised with Mr. Jamsetji Wadia in his sage sentiment that "in a big city people had to put up with some nuisances." That is a argument which would find an excuse for any nuisance, and however convenient it may have been on this occasion, we are glad that it is one which the Corporation is not always prepared to follow. There was no real reason for refusing to appoint a committee. From a representative and impartial body nothing need have been feared either by the rate-payers on one hand, or the mill industry on the other. The other matter was the old "cutchra" nuisance, and the Municipal Commissioner might well consider whether the collection of cutchra could not be made at the same time that the road sweepings are carted. This would obviate the necessity of leaving cart-loads of refuse standing in the streets and should not be a difficult matter to arrange.

The Cup Final. NEWCASTLE'S bad luck still follows them in the English Cup final, and they were very nearly beaten yesterday by Barnsley. It was only when the match was nearly over that they were able to score the goal which made the result a draw. Apparently it was a very similar game to that of two years ago when Newcastle were beaten by another second division team, Wolverhampton Wanderers. The bustling attack of a lot of sturdy youngsters, and the more vigorous methods of old-time football entirely broke up the carefully developed science and organised movement of a team of older players. We are sometimes forced to consider whether the present day footballer has not made too much of science and experience, whether some fusion of old-fashioned individualism and vigour would not be for the benefit of the game. There was a lot in what W. I Bassett had to say the other day, that the modern professional thought far too much of combination, and that he had often seen first-rate players, who seemed positively afraid to shoot, even when they had a reasonable chance of scoring. But these faults after all are only the over-development of the system. They do not prove that the system is wrong.

A CENTRE of the St. John Ambulance Association has been established at Faridkot State.

THE Hon. Mr. Miller, member of Council, has applied for six months' leave, and Mr. R. Craddock is mentioned as his successor.

H. E. THE PATRIARCH of the East Indies and Archbishop of Goa will spend the hot weather at Alwaye in Travancore.

MAJOR-GENERAL BANNATIE ALLASON, British Service, is to be Brigade Commander, vice Major General Anderson, who has vacated the Derajat Brigade.

A PROCLAMATION has been issued by the Natal Government, prohibiting the importation of live stock from India owing to the prevalence of sura, on penalty of a fine of £50, or three months' in default.

THE Mullah Powindah, since the last raiding venture in the neighbourhood of Shaik Budin, has been lying very low. Unfortunately there is no sign as yet that his failures have discredited him to any large extent.

MR. E. L. R. THORNTON, District Judge, Trichinopoly, has secured a first in the Bar examination held last month in Criminal Law and Procedure in England, whither had he proceeded on leave some time ago.

THE South Indian Chamber of Commerce supports the representation made to the Government of India by the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau, urging that the necessity for registration in the case of insured articles thus entailing the payment of a double fee, be dispensed with.

As opposed to the steady losses, which attended it in Russian hands, the Southern Manchurian Railway appears to be yielding highly satisfactory results under Japanese Administration Notifications from Harbin estimate the Japanese profit from the line for the last twelve months at £350,000.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

MR. ROOSEVELT AND THE VATICAN.

Russia's New Navy.

GERMAN LABOUR WAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, APRIL 9.

THAT there will be no meeting between the Pope and Ex-President Roosevelt became known on Monday. The abandonment of the idea has arisen mainly from a reference to the incident which occurred when Mr. Fairbanks, the ex-Vice-President, came to Rome. This reference strenuous diplomatic efforts failed to nullify, and Mr. Roosevelt becomes in Rome, as he was in Africa, in the Soudan, and Egypt, the centre of a contentious maelstrom of comment. The Vatican believes itself right in refusing to grant audience to Mr. Roosevelt unless certain conditions obtain, conducing to protect the Pope from ill-advised actions similar to those which took place during the Fairbanks incident, while Mr. Roosevelt declines to see the Pope except free from all conditions, considering that unless he is a perfectly free agent he would be sacrificing some portion of his liberty as an American citizen. Both sides intensely regret this contretemps, but both are unyielding in their attitudes. Mr. Roosevelt and the Vatican are at loggerheads over a phrase. On the point of etiquette both are convinced that they are in the right ; yet it does appear pitiable that supersensitiveness should have intervened to prevent a meeting between two such eminent men as his Holiness and the ex-President particularly as both are anxiously desirous of a meeting. The fuse from which resulted this explosion was lighted at Gondokaro in Jangleland. One of Mr. Roosevelt's first letter was written to Mr. Leishman, the American Ambassador at Rome, requesting him to arrange an audience with the Pope. At Cairo he received the following cablegram from Mr. Leishman on March 23rd. The Rector of the American College, in reply to inquiry which I caused to be made requests that the following communication be transmitted to you : "The Holy Father will be delighted to grant audience to Mr. Roosevelt on April 5, and hopes that nothing will arise to prevent it such as the much regretted incident which made the reception of Mr. Fairbanks impossible."—(Signed) THOMAS KENNEDY, Rector.

A FRIENDLY INTIMATION.

That phrase was intended purely as a friendly intimation as to what to avoid, but Mr. Roosevelt did not view it in that light. He saw in this intimation a subtle method of tieing his hands and restricting his freedom of action as an American citizen, as may be seen in the reply telegraphed : "Please present the following to Mgr. Kennedy. It would be a great pleasure to me to be presented to the Holy Father, for whom I entertain high respect, both personally and as the head of a great Church. I fully recognise his entire right to receive or not to receive whomsoever he choses for any reason which seems good to him, and if he does not receive me I shall not for a moment question the propriety of his actions. On the other hand, I, in my turn, must decline to make any stipulations or submit to any conditions which in any way limit my freedom of conduct. I trust that on April 5 he will find it convenient to receive me."—Theodore Roosevelt.

The controversy thus commenced, Mr. Leishman sent a message from Mgr. Keanedy, stating that the audience could not take place excepting on the understanding expressed in the former message. To this Mr. Roosevelt replied to Mr. Leishman, "Proposed presentation is, of course, now impossible." Yesterday Mr. Roosevelt telegraphed to Mr. Lyman Abbott, editor of the "Outlook," a lengthy explanation, as follows :—I wish to make a statement to my fellow Americans regarding what occurred in connecion with the Vatican. I am sure that the great majority of my fellow-citizens, Catholics quite as much as Protestants, will feel that I acted in the only way possible for an American to act, and because this is so, I most earnestly hope that the incident will be treated as a matter of course as a merely personal, and as not warranting the slightest exhibition of rancour or bitterness. Among my best and closest friends there are many Catholics. The respect and regard of fellow-Americans who are Catholics is as dear to me as the respect and regard of those who are Protestants. On my journey through Africa I visited many Catholic as well as many Protestant missions. As I looked forward to telling the people at home, Protestants and Catholics alike, of what I saw in the field of missionary enterprise, it would cause me a real pang if anything were said that would hurt or cause pain to my friends, whatever their religious belief may be, Mr. Roosevelt urges the avoidance of harsh and bitter comment, and trusts that sympathy and goodwill may exist between sincere and honest men of different faiths, sympathy so complete that in the innumerable daily relations of American life Catholics and Protestants may work together without thought of difference of creeds even pressing on their minds. "These are conditions so vital to our national well being," says Mr. Roosevelt, "that nothing should be permitted to jeopardise them," adding that "to seize upon such an incident as this occasion for controversy would be wholly indefensible, and should be frowned upon by Catholics and Protestants alike." The incident seems to have produced considerable effect upon Mr. Roosevelt.

VATICAN EXPLANATION.

At the American College, Monsignor Kennedy declined at that time to make any statement until he had consulted the Vatican authorities. Two hours later, when Mgr. Dreese handed in a statement to the following effect : On March 21 Mr. Garret, First Secretary to the United States Embassy at Rome, called upon me to transmit a request from Mr. Roosevelt, ex-President, for an audience with the Holy Father.—I informed Mr. Garret that I would immediately present Mr. Roosevelt's request to the proper authorities at the Vatican, and promised a response as soon as possible. The following day I was authorised to send Mr. Roosevelt this message, which I did from the American Embassy. The statement quotes the message previously given, and adds : The reference to the Fairbanks incident in this message was intended by the Vatican only as a friendly intimation to Mr. Roosevelt to be on his guard. The statement concludes : On March 28 I was instructed to send the following communication: His Holiness would be much pleased to grant an audience to Mr. Roosevelt, for whom he entertains high esteem both personally and as a former President of the United States. His Holiness quite recognises Mr. Roosevelt's entire right to full freedom of conduct. On the other hand, in view of circumstances for which neither His Holiness nor Mr. Roosevelt is responsible. The audience could not take place except on the understanding expressed in the former message. After this, no further communication from Mr. Roosevelt reached me.—(Signed) THOMAS KENNEDY, Titular Bishop, Adrianople, Rector American College.

CAUSES OF THE TROUBLE.

The Vatican authorities have expressed great surprise that Mr. Roosevelt should have published the messages exchanged between Mgr. Kennedy, Rector of the American Roman Catholic College, Mr. Leishman, United States Ambassador, and himself, which are regarded in the light of diplomatic documents. It appears that even after the exchange of correspondence an attempt was made to arrange the matter by the means, it is stated on the best authority, of the following negotiations. While Mr. Roosevelt was in Naples his secretary, who is a Catholic, on his own initiative, came to Rome to have an interview with Cardinal Merry del Val, the Papal Secretary of State, to see if it were possible to bring about a solution of the difficulty. The Cardinal asked him : "Can you guarantee that Mr. Roosevelt will not go to the Methodists here ?" The Secretary said: "I cannot. Indeed I believe Mr. Roosevelt is just the man to go there. He will do as he pleases." Cardinal Merry del Val then said : "It is indefensible for any person to ask to be received by a great personage whose feelings he is unwilling to respect." In the further course of the conversation Cardinal Merry del Val said : "Regarding restriction in granting audiences, every Court in Europe imposes some restrictions. Mr. Roosevelt himself, when President, declined to receive people unconditionally at White House." The Cardinal went on to cite the following instance : "Mr. Roosevelt had been erroneously informed that a certain person wished to visit him by the authority of the Vatican. Mr. Roosevelt immediately sent a Cabinet official to the Apostolic Delegation in Washington to tell the delegate that he would not receive the personage, but meant no discourtesy to the Pope by the refusal. The Pontiff, when informed, replied : "We esteem Mr. Roosevelt more than ever."

Returning to the present incident, Cardinal Merry del Val remarked : "It is not in any sense a question of religion. Mr. Roosevelt might have gone to the Episcopalian, Presbyterian, or any other church except the Methodist, and have delivered an address there, being received by the Pope even on same day, but he could not be received when it was suspected that after the audience he intended to go to the Methodist Church in Rome, which has been conducting a most offensive campaign of calumnies and detraction against the Pontiff."

DISCUSSION IN ROME.

Polemic has followed polemic. The Vatican answered the Methodists, the Methodists answered the Vatican. Accusations, rebuttals, counter accusations, and pronunciamientos thundered ceaselessly throughout the day, making Rome reverberate with echoes of this verbal war. The only serene figure was Mr. Roosevelt. Beyond a vigorous reply and the cancellation of the reception at the American Embassy Mr. Roosevelt seemed to have passed to an altitude above this controversy. So it might be judged from his demeanour, as he dashed here and there in a huge motor-car, sight seeing. He seemed unaware that there ever was a Vatican, situation, or that round him raged one of the bitterest and fiercest controversies that have overtorn the Eternal City of turmoil. Mr. Roosevelt was fully truly himself again, smiling, enthusiastic, energetic, didactic, and spontaneous. He was the quintessence of hustling activity, and all his gifts of astonishing versatility shone out with the old brilliance. He surprised the King with his intimate knowledge of every arm in Italy's military and naval service of the present day, its evolution from ancient time, its victories, its glories, tendencies, and limitations ; in fact, he gave the King a real discourse on the pathology of Mars. To Professor Carter, at the Palatine Hill, at the Coliseum, in the midst of archæological work of which professor Carter is the directing head, he talked of ancient Rome, of Goths, Vimgoths, archæology, and of art surprising even this expert with the extent and intimacy of his knowledge.

RUSSIA'S NEW NAVY.

After several years of futile dissensions about ship building programmes, during which the Russian navy has practically remained the negligible quantity it became after the Japanese campaign, efficacious measures of re-organisation have been resolved upon. Thanks to the initiative of a couple of influential members of the Council of the Empire the question has been moved into the forefront of practical politics, and legislation will be set to deal with a definite and clearcut problem. It is understood that over half a milliard roubles (£50,000,000) will be required for the re-organisation of the navy, and this sum will be distributed over ten years. Heretofore the Duma has systematically whittled away the Naval Estimates, on the ground that no confidence could be placed in the staff of the Ministry of the Navy, and there is no doubt that there were several cases of gross neglect of public business there ; but at present all the doubtful elements have been eliminated from the staff, and there is no reason why if Russia is ever going to possess a navy, the ships should not be laid down at once. The Navy Minister, however, is so compliant to the humours of the Duma that he expressed himself satisfied with a vote of 24,000,000 roubles, although 35,000,000 roubles was admittedly the smallest sum adequate to immediate needs. Some patriotic members of the Legislature amicably remonstrated with the Minister for thus subordinating the pressing interests of Imperial defence to the temporary interests of the Cabinet, and urged upon him the necessity of standing up for the real requirements of the navy, or else resigning his official position. A number of admirals visited the various departments censured by the Duma, and acquired the conviction that the abuses formerly complained of had been remedied. At last the matter was recently laid before his Majesty, whose interest in the navy is intense, and the result is that an impulse has been given to the movement, which will shortly take the shape of a shipbuilding programme for ten years, and a vote of about £75,000,000 sterling to execute it. The Budget Committee is favourably disposed towards the measure, and that the Speaker of the Duma will support it; but in any and every case an immutable resolve has been taken to endow the Russian nation with an adequate naval defence without further ado, and at the same time to enable the Russian shipbuilding yards, which are now discharging thousands of hands for lack of orders, to retrieve their former flourishing position, which they ought never to have been allowed to lose.

GERMAN LABOUR WAR.

Germany is apparently on the eve of the greatest industrial struggle it has ever known. Unless the efforts at mediation which are said to contemplated by the Ministry of the Interior should prove successful, it is highly probable that a very large proportion of the 1,500,000 workmen engaged in the building trades will be thrown out of employment in the course of the next two or three weeks. The trouble has arisen out of an attempt by the masters to force upon the men a new form of contract in place of that which expired on the first of this month. The proposed formula pledges the men to abandon their objection to piece-work, to accept uniform conditions throughout the Empire, and to agree to a system of labour exchanges organised and controlled by the employers alone. With remarkable promptitude and unanimity, the unions have declined to agree to these terms, and even to treat them as a basis for negotiations. They have also laid down for themselves rules of self-abnegation which indicate a resolute purpose. The delegates of the largest organisation, which comprises 500,000 members, decided that no strike or lock-out money shall be granted till fourteen days after the outbreak of hostilities that all members who remain in work must pay a special levy, varying according to wage up to 9d. per day, and that total abstinence from alcoholic beverages is to be regarded as a "moral obligation" so long as the struggle lasts. The prospects of a settlement are considered to be very slight indeed. This may prove to be only the first engagement in a prolonged industrial war, for the unions of all trades are conscious of, and confident in, their strength. Within the last ten years their membership has increased tenfold, and labour is now better organised in Germany than, perhaps, in any other country in the world.

ALBANIAN REVOLT.

As is well known, the relations of the Albanians with Abdul Hamid were of the warmest nature. They now believe the present Sultan to be destitute of influence, and entirely subordinated to Parliament, and therefore a useless factor where their interests are concerned. A report from the Official Telegraphic Bureau at Constantinople declares that the rebellious Albanians at Pristina, during the battle with the Turkish troops, threatened to raise the Austrian flag. The report, however, is considered in authoritative quarters here to be entirely unworthy of belief, and it asserted that the rumour has been started in order to prejudice the Turks against Austria and Hungary. News has just arrived from Salonika to the effect that a battle is still raging near Pristina, and that artillery has been sent on from Vuchitrn and Mitrovitza to reinforce the troops. The number of rebels is estimated to be between 10,000 and 15,000. As the Turkish Cabinet was resolved to take strong measures against the insurgents, the rising is expected to be suppressed very shortly. Thursday's news from Old Servis is more serious if possible than that of the previous day. The Albanians demand nothing less than a return to the old system and the restoration of the Sultan Abdul Hamid, whom they call the Father of the Albanians. They also demand that Christians shall be prohibited from entering the military service, and Christian families whose sons have been taken as soldiers are being menaced. Official reports says that the troops have recaptured five out of the six guns captured by the Albanians. Fighting continues, and many

MORE TROUBLE IN CHINA.

SCHOOLS BURNED AND STUDENTS KILLED.

Blazing Junks on the Stream.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, APRIL 22.

The British Minister at Peking telegraphs reporting an apparent fresh recrudescence of troubles at Changsha. Telegrams from Hankau received in New York convey the same information, stating that many Chinese have been killed, schools have been fired and thirty Chinese students burned. Blazing junks were sent down stream to destroy the vessels rescuing foreigners. Nevertheless it is uncertain whether these details do not relate to the recent riots.

LATER.

According to advices from Washington, the American Minister at Peking, telegraphs that he fears the trouble in Hunan is spreading. He has ordered the Asiatic fleet from Amoy to assist if necessary.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

The British Minister at Peking telegraphs to the Foreign Office that organised bands have resumed the rioting at Changsha. All the foreigners have taken refuge in two British vessels.

HOME FINANCE.

LONDON, APRIL 22.

The House of Commons has adopted a second vote on account amounting to £9,265,000 for six weeks.

GERMAN DIRIGIBLES.

Manœuvre before the Kaiser.

LONDON, APRIL 22.

A squadron of three dirigibles sailed to-day from Cologne to Hamburg, where they performed combined manœuvres before the Emperor.

NEW JAPANESE LOAN.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

The *Standard* states that negotiations are in an advanced stage in Paris for the issue of a loan to convert the Japanese principal five per cent. issue into a four per cent. external loan of twenty-seven millions sterling. Eighteen millions will be offered in Paris and the remainder in London.

KREMLIN JEWELS RECOVERED.

Thief Captured.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

Moscow correspondents state that the Kremlin thief, who was a young peasant, has been captured. He was hidden beneath the altar. The jewels have been recovered.

AUSTRALIAN FORCES.

British Officer as Inspector-General.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

A Melbourne telegram reports that Colonel Kirkpatrick, who accompanied Lord Kitchener, has been appointed Inspector General of the Commonwealth Forces.

The *Daily Chronicle* correspondent states that the Labourites are angry at this, as a slur cast upon Australian officers by the Fusion Ministry.

INDIAN MISSIONS.

Bishop of Southwark's Appeal.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

The Bishop of Southwark, presiding at a large meeting in the Albert Hall, referred to the good work of missions in India, but complained that comparatively little was done owing to the absence of a comprehensive network. He appealed to his hearers to do their duty towards India, and said that men, women and money were required for the work.

THE ENGLISH CUP.

Draw in the Final Tie.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

The final tie of the Association Cup, between Newcastle United and Barnsley, was played at the Crystal Palace this afternoon in the presence of a vast crowd. The game resulted in a draw, each side scoring once.

The bustling tactics of Barnsley frustrated Newcastle's scientific combination until the latter equalised a few minutes before the finish amid intense excitement.

MR. PEARSON AND "THE STANDARD."

Sells Controlling Interest.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

Mr. Pearson, owing to ill-health, has disposed of the controlling interest in the *Standard* to Mr. Davison Dalziel, M.P.

MARK TWAIN'S FORTUNE

LONDON, APRIL 22.

The death of Mark Twain was painless. He was unconscious for three hours.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

It is understood that Mark Twain's fortune amounts to a million dollars.

AMERICAN COTTON FAILURE.

Widespread losses in Liverpool.

SPURIOUS BILLS OF LADING.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, APRIL 22.

The failure of the Decatur cotton firm of Knight, Yancey and Company has caused widespread losses in Liverpool, and on the Continent. The cotton involved is estimated at half a million sterling. Two dozen Liverpool firms are affected, and the partners and heads of several are hurrying to America to investigate. Most of them are large firms, capable of tiding over the situation. At the same time the discovery is reported that the bills of lading relating to a quantity of cotton, purporting to have been shipped from America to England, are forgeries. It is stated that 15,000 to 20,000 bales are involved, but only the arrival of the vessels will show the extent of the frauds. The Market is taking the situation more quietly than might be expected.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

It is understood that the Liverpool importers found not only that many bills of lading, purporting to emanate from Messrs. Knight and Yancey, were spurious, but that there was actually no cotton against some of them. They consequently brought such pressure to bear on Messrs. Knight, Yancey and Company that the latter filed their petition.

LATER.

The Liverpool cotton market is more hopeful owing to the quantity of cotton turning up in America, being part of the shortage for Europe.

Mr. Buxton, addressing the Cotton Exchange, said that, if possible, the Board of Trade and other Government offices would go as far as they legitimately could to give assistance.

BRITISH AVIATOR.

Starts on a Long Flight.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

The British aviator, Mr. Grahame White started this morning on a flight from London to Manchester.

The aviator, arrived at Rugby at 7-20 and descended according to programme. He continued his flight at 8-30 and was most confident of reaching Manchester.

LATER.

Mr. Grahame White has reached Lichfield. He will start again at three o'clock this morning, in order to reach Manchester by 6-15 which is the specified time.

LONDON, APRIL 24.

Mr. Grahame White has abandoned his flight owing to the weather.

M. Dubonnet aeroplaned across Paris today, starting from Juvisy and landing on the Plaine Bagatelle.

MR. ROOSEVELT ON CITIZENSHIP.

Sterility, the Greatest Curse.

LONDON, APRIL 24.

Mr. Roosevelt arrived yesterday at Sorbonne, where he delivered an impressive address on Citizenship in a Republic: "He urged that the standard of average citizenship should be kept high. While paying all homage to intellect, he appealed to the brilliant assemblage not to forget commonplace qualities and virtues. The will and the power to work and fight and to have plenty of healthy children. The greatest curse of all was sterility."

PEARY'S ANTARCTIC EXPEDITION.

Abandoned for this Year.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

Washington telegrams state that the proposed American South Polar expedition under the auspices of Commander Peary, the Arctic Club and the Geographical Society, has been abandoned for this year.

LONDON, APRIL 24.

Washington telegrams state that lack of funds is the reason for the abandonment of Commander Peary's expedition to the South Pole.

THE CASE AGAINST SAVARKAR.

Five Indictments Framed.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

Savarkar was brought up again at Bow Street to-day on five charges, including waging and abetting war against the King, conspiracy and collection of arms.

Mr. Bodkin, prosecuting, said he would show that the accused made speeches inciting to violence against the Government.

The case was adjourned till the 30th of April.

ILLNESS OF THE SULTAN.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

Advices from Constantinople state that the Sultan is suffering from measles, but the attack is not serious.

JAPANESE EXHIBITION.

LONDON, APRIL 23.

The Prince and Princess of Wales will open the Japanese Exhibition on the 12th of May.

THE CROWN AND ITS MINISTERS.

King has no Party Politics.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY).

LONDON, APRIL 24.

Lord Halsbury, presiding at the St. George's Day Banquet last night, said: "The position to-day demands the complete sympathy and aid of loyal subjects of the Crown. There has never been a time, when Ministers were emboldened to speak as if the Crown were in the hands of Ministers of the day. The King has no party politics and must always be impartial in his praises."

LATER.

Mr. Walter Long, speaking at Chester, last night, denounced the Government's log-rolling and bringing the Crown into the fight. The situation presaged trouble and disaster. He urged the Unionists to exert all energy and to carry on the fight, however long it lasted. He declared that it was impossible to abandon Tariff Reform, which alone would save the country from ruin.

PERSIA AND A BRITISH LOAN.

Reply in Parliament.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 23.

The "Pioneer's" London correspondent wires under date the 22nd.

Mr. McKinnon Wood answering Mr. Dillon said that Persia had rejected the conditions of the proposed loan, and the incident was closed. Britain was certainly unable to prevent her obtaining money elsewhere.

MR. CAMPBELL AND THE NATIONALISTS.

Mr. Parnell not Accused.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, APRIL 23.

The London correspondent of the *Pioneer* wires on April 22nd:—

The Nationalists did not allow Mr. Campbell to complete his sentence, but the words uttered do not justify the Nationalist assertion that he threw a doubt on Mr. Parnell's innocence.

INDIAN COPYRIGHT.

No Action for the Present.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 24.

The "Pioneer" understands the Government of India have no intention at present of striking out a new line for themselves in the way of Copyright legislation. They are content to wait the passing of the General Consolidation Act at home, when the political atmosphere has clared sufficiently to allow of the British Parliament settling to the normal course of legislative business.

MALICIOUS TRAIN-WRECKING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 24.

A case of derailment of No. 5 Up Express on Friday morning near Tandla on the E. I. Railway is ascribed by the railway authorities to "malicious train-wrecking."

ANTI-HINDU FEELING IN DACCA.

Disturbance Feared.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

CALCUTTA, APRIL 23.

Another Hindu-Mussalman disturbance is apprehended in Dacca. Certain Moulvies are holding Mahomedan mass meetings in some villages of the Naraingunj Sub-division, and preaching that Mussalmans should not pay Hindu Nahajans nor in any way serve Hindus. They are exciting the Mussalmans against the Hindus, characterising the latter has oppressors, usurpers and infidels who should be put down. Some cow-bones were placed in front of the temple of Gagan Chandra Shaha of Govindpore and his house was also burnt down.

ALLEGED SEDITIOUS ARTICLES.

Allahabad Paper in Court again.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 24.

Lala Ladha Ram, Gujarati, late editor of the *Swarajya* vernacular weekly published at Allahabad, was put on trial before Mr. Hopkins, District Magistrate, Allahabad, yesterday, in respect of three articles viz., "Loyalty," "Political Odes," "Spring and Ourselves," published in the paper in January. It appears Lala Nandgopal, the editor, recently convicted by the Sessions Judge at Allahabad on a similar charge, was succeeded by one Sham Dass, and the latter by the present accused. This is the fourth prosecution against this paper.

Eight prosecution witnesses were examined and the case was adjourned till the 27th instant.

ROW AT A WEDDING PARTY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 24.

A serious riot, resulting in injuries to a Railway signaller named Jogru Sing, occurred at Panchuria station on the E. B. S. Railway on Thursday. It appears that a marriage party, headed by an Honorary Magistrate, appeared at Panchuria station on the evening of the occurrence, and while waiting for the up train to go to Mymensing the signaller is said to have pushed one of the party with the result that an altercation ensued. From words it came to blows, and the signaller was so mercilessly thrashed by the mob with lathis, that he had to be removed to the local hospital, where his condition has since been declared to the precarious.

THE AKYAB CYCLONE.

Fearful Severity.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, APRIL 23.

The latest details from Akyab re the cyclone record fearful severity. The bridge of the steamer "Aska" was blown away and the damage to the town was very extensive. The Eran race-stand was lifted bodily off the posts. The loss of cattle was great.

RAJENDRAPUR TRAIN DACOITY.

Identity in Dispute.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, APRIL 23.

The Rajendrapur train dacoity trial was resumed to-day, before the Sessions Judge, Mr. Newbolt. Up to now two witnesses have been examined and cross-examined.

Somed Ali, who was a passenger in the same carriage with the dacoits, described the occurrence, but could not indentify the present accused.

Dr. Jagat Chandra, of Mirzapur, a place near Rajendrapur, said that the dacoits went to him after the occurrence for a boat and posed as gentlemen. He also could not identify the accused.

Ledhu Majhi, whose boat was hired by the dacoits, is being examined. He has not identified the accused. The trial is proceeding.

LATER.

In the Rajendrapur dacoity trial Ladhu Manji in his deposition said he had carried five *bhadra logs* (gentlemen) from Mirzapur to Boalia on Tuesday.

Cross-examined he could not say when he first went to the Kutchery after that day.

The next witness, Shiromoni Maulii, who carried the dacoits from Boalia to Dacca did not identify the accused. He described the dacoits as being of handsome appearance and carrying umbrellas with them. He said a constable of the Mirpur Police searched the boat and the Doroga of the Police boat took down the names and addresses of the passengers.

The next witness called was Kaimni. Ganguly, a partner of Sonaton Paul. He proved the despatch of the sum carried away by the dacoits. He said that since the occurrence, Hemendra Chatterjee, who identified the accused had not been in their service while Rashmon, the other wounded man, who did not identify the accused, was still in their service.

The case was then adjourned to Monday.

HOWRAH BRIDGE ON FIRE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 23.

A fire, rather of a serious nature, broke out last night at 11 o'clock in the godowns under the approaches of the Howrah Bridge on the Calcutta side. The Brigade authorities fearing that the fire may have damaged the walls of the foundation supporting the entrance to the bridge, are having them strengthened. At present all vehicular traffic has been stopped. The exact cause of the fire is not yet known, but it is suspected that one of the electric wires, which pass through the godowns, may have fused. The amount of damage is not known.

INDO-AFGHAN COMMISSION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 24.

In the Mahsbud country the joint Indo-Afghan Commission, which is to settle tribal disputes arising out of raids, on each side of the British Afghan border, should be starting work in a few days' time. The Commission is to be a peripatetic one and will gradually work its way down the border from Kurram. Mr. J. S. Donald, C. I. E., will be the British representative, while the officer appointed by the Amir is Sirdar Aboul Watab Khan, who has recently been in employment at headquarters in Kabul.

THE KHEDDAH CASES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, APRIL 23.

The Kheddah cases at Katha were adjourned to April 29th in Rangoon.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 22.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Revd. D. H. Gillan, officiates as Presidency Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Bengal, vice Mr. Shree granted two months' leave from next Thursday.

Mr. R. L. Ross, C.S., officiates as Registrar, Calcutta High Court, Appellate Side, vice Mr. Muddiman, officiating as Deputy Legislative Secretary, Government of India.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT.

Captain R. H. Phillimore, of the Survey of India, has 18 months' leave from 14th proximo.

Dr. E. C. Hill, Meteorologist, Allahabad, has leave up to 10th November next; Mr. J. J. Duracy to act.

Mr. J. Patterson resigns the Meteorological Department from the 6th proximo.

Mr. W. A. Harwood is appointed Imperial Meteorologist, vice Mr. D. Simpson on leave.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr. W. E. T. Bennett, officiates as Chief Engineer, Irrigation, Punjab, from yesterday.

Mr. W.W. Bayley, officiates as Superintending Engineer, Punjab, vice Colonel Maclagan on combined leave.

Mr. H. W. W. Ives, officiates as Superintending Engineer, Punjab.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. A. Robertson, Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs, has two years' leave from 26th instant.

Mr. C. A. Silberrad, C. S., is placed on special duty in connection with the Committee appointed by the Burma Government to investigate the question of certain allowances granted to officers of the Imperial Departments serving in Burma.

Lieut.-Colonel Cordue, Mint Master, Bombay, has 18 months' leave, Major A. L. C. McCormic succeeding him.

MILITARY FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. R. H. Rolfe has six weeks' leave.

ST. ALOYSIUS' SCHOOL.

Donation from the Governor.

THE Private Secretary to H. E. the Governor, writing to the Revd. Fr. J. A. P. Monteiro, President, St. Aloysius' School Building Fund, says:—"In reply to your letter of the 22nd ultimo, I am desired by His Excellency to send you herewith a cheque for Rs.100 towards the St. Aloysius' School Building Fund. His Excellency understands that the school will supply a real want and deserves public sympathy."

ARRIVAL OF AMERICAN TOURISTS.

On Saturday afternoon at about a quarter to three o'clock the Hamburg-American Liner S.S. "Cleveland" arrived with 650 American tourists in the Bombay harbour and was anchored in the stream right opposite the Taj Mahal Hotel.

She left Calcutta last Tuesday for Bombay via Colombo. At the latter port she remained for two days. Over 300 of the tourists left for Agra on Saturday night from the Victoria Terminus station and will return to Bombay on Wednesday next.

Those who did not proceed to Agra will remain in Bombay till Wednesday when the "Cleveland" will sail for Suez en route to Naples.

THE PESHAWAR RIOTS.

Commission of Inquiry Wanted.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, APRIL 23.

The leading Hindus of Peshawar, about 150 in number, have submitted a long memorial to the officiating Chief Commissioner of the North-Western Frontier Province, complaining that the Hindu sufferers in the Peshawar riots are quite powerless to enter into a lengthy and costly litigation for the purpose of obtaining redress for wrongs sustained by them. They pray that His Honour may graciously be pleased (a) to take due action in regard to the said acts of violence and plunder on the part of some Mahomedans; (b) to appoint a commission composed of Government officers of high position as well as native gentlemen, both Hindus and Mahomedans, for the purpose of investigating allegations and charges, and ascertaining and fixing the losses of the Hindus; (c) to order some strong measures to be adopted for the future protection of Hindus; (d) to issue a suitable proclamation guaranteeing their future safety and protection; (e) to locate in all parts of the city a suitable proportion of Hindu policemen and sub-inspectors, and (f) to issue such other orders and directions for securing peace and order as His Honour might deem necessary under the circumstances. In conclusion, the petitioners pray for permission for four respectable and leading Hindus, who have got personal knowledge of the whole affair, to wait upon His Honour.

THE MISSING ARABINDO.

Reward Offered.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 23.

It is reported that those members of the C.I.D., who were directed to keep an eye on Arabindo Ghose have on account of his mysterious disappearance, been suspended. The Authorities have, it is said, intimated that if they do not succeed in arresting Arabindo they will be dismissed from the service, but should anyone among them succeed in arresting him or furnishing any clue to his whereabouts he will not only be reinstated but will be given a reward of Rs. 400. Anyone, besides these C.I.D. officers who can give any clue to the whereabouts of Arabindo, will be given a reward of Rs. 1,000.

PIG-STICKING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I shall be much obliged if you will allow me to reply to Lieutenant-Colonel Forbes' letter in "The Times of India" of the 21st. In that letter he has carefully avoided the point of my letter of the 13th instant, in which I stated an irrefutable fact, viz., that "at this year's meeting the Field Master had practically closed the best hunting country, within four miles of the Camp, to the Competitors, thereby making them go long distances each day to find their pig." Colonel Forbes personally may prefer to hack out 10 miles before commencing hunting and hack back the same distance after the day's work is over—but I doubt if any one else would consider this the perfection of Shikar Bandobust. I know from personal experience how hard the work of Secretary and Field Master at the meeting is, and, therefore, I say, why take the competitors 10 and 11 miles to find pig when there are "plenty" to be had within 4 miles? Anyone versed in Pigsticking bandobust knows that in the hot weather pig in any number are only found near water. A reference to the account of this year's meeting will show that 5 heats were run off "round the Patri Tank, at the very door of the Camp." To find 3 more pig the competitors had to go 7 miles on the 1st day. On the 2nd day after riding out 10 miles 4 heats were run off, the day's outing being from 7 a.m. to 6 p.m. On the 3rd day, after hacking out 11 miles and hunting the whole day "one" single pig was found!! As a contrast to this tedious performance we read that on the last day "at the Kharaghora Tank," the final of the Salmon Cup was run off, in addition a couple of hours' hunting was indulged in "before tiffin." I say, without fear of contradiction, that if the Field Master had taken the competitors to the Kharaghora Tank on the 2nd day, the 6 heats to finish off the whole competition would quite easily have been run off on that day, and in support of this assertion, I ask a reference to my letter of 13th, in which I stated what was accomplished in 1904 when the Camp was at the same place, Patri. If, as Col. Forbes says, the Shikar Bandobust this year was equal to anything he has seen during the six years he has attended Gujrat Cup Meetings, it is abundantly evident that Mr. Macnamara lost a great opportunity of creating an absolute record in Shikar Bandobust, for there is no doubt he could have completed the competition in two days, had he taken the competitors to the Kharaghora Tank on the 2nd day. In conclusion, I would say that I fail to understand how the stating of facts beyond question can be termed "an uncalled for attack" on any one.—Yours, etc.,

HARRINGTON BULKLEY

Thana District, April 23.

NOTABLE DEPARTURES.

THE Hon'ble Sir Walter Hughes, Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust, accompanied by Lady Hughes, arrived in a motor-car at the Port Trust office, Ballard Pier, at 12-30 p.m. on Saturday, and were received by the Port Trust officials, staff and others.

A photo was then taken of the Hon'ble Sir Walter and Lady Hughes by Messrs. Bourne and Shepherd.

After conversing for a few minutes with those present they were garlanded and left in a steam launch for the P. and O. mail steamer "Mantua" which sailed on Saturday for England.

SIR PHEROZESHAH AND LADY MEHTA.

Sir Pherozeshah and Lady Mehta arrived in a carriage and pair at the Ballard Pier where they were received by a large number of their friends and relatives, who had mustered strong to wish them bon voyage. They were garlanded amidst loud cheers.

Among others present to see them off were Prince Samatsingbji, Dr. Sevdas, Mr. D. E. Wacha, Professor D. P. Pavri, Mr. Haji Yusuf Haji Esmail, Mr. James MacDonald, Mr. Jehangir Pallonjee Daruvalla, the Hon'ble Mr. Ebrahim Rahimtoola, Mr. Fazulbhoy Meheralli Chinoy, Mr. M. K. Lalkaka, Mr. Dharamsey Morarjee Gokaldas and Mr. F. S. Talyerkhan.

After shaking hands with those present they left for the mail steamer "Mantua".

MAHARAJAH HOLKAR.

The Maharajah Holkar also sailed on Saturday for England by the P. and O. Company's English mail steamer "Mantua."

The Maharajah of Indore, Prince Sampatrao Gaekwar, Khan Saheb Karmali Joosab and others were present at the Ballard Pier to wish His Highness good-bye.

RUSSIA DEFENCE BILL.

According to the "Novoe Vremya," the National Defence Bill will be divided into four sections—fortresses, communications, 'material,' and the Navy. It is intended to develop the strategical highroads, increase the heavy artillery, and strengthen important fortresses. The total expenditure under the Bill is estimated at £130,000,000—of which nearly half is for shipbuilding—to be spread over ten years and to be obtained by special taxation.

The Duma Committee for Empire Defence has adopted a Bill providing for the recruiting of 456,535 men for the army for the year 1910.

THE REAL "MARK TWAIN."

Personal Sketch.

WHEN in the course of his talking tour round the world Mark Twain visited the famous Towers of Silence, one of our party desired to "snap-shot" the scene, but permission was peremptorily refused. Thus opens an article of long ago in the "Pall Mall Magazine" which contains as follows:—Curious to discover why what had readily been accorded to others should be so sternly denied to us, I asked a Parsi friend, who happened to be there what he imagined to be the reason. Without hesitation he replied, "They are afraid Mark Twain wants the picture for the purpose of making fun of the Towers." Such is, to use Professor Brander Mathews' phrase, "the penalty of humour." Once a man has stood upon his head the public decline to believe that he can assume any other attitude; and the good Parsis very fairly represented the average person who has decreed that merrymaking is Mark Twain's only serious business. Further, it is tacitly accepted as certain that he whose mind is so spontaneously framed to mirth must surely find life all cates and ale. True enough the clown is always welcome in the ring, but are there not moments when he longs to rid himself of his cap and bells, and prays to be, for an interval, as other men are, suffered to play a serious part in life? Undoubtedly; and here is the little rift in the felicity of the mirth-maker, and no writer has been more heavily penalised in this respect than the author of "A Tramp Abroad." People will at once reply, "But no man could possibly look so serious as Mark Twain unless he was a born humorist." Nevertheless there is a serious Mark Twain of whom the world knows little or nothing. Some readers, of course, must have recognised that beneath the foaming fun and fancy, which often breaks into boisterous burlesque, there are deeps of earnest and suggestive thought; and that in his later works, such as "A Connecticut Yankee at the Court of King Arthur," and "Pudd'nhead Wilson," there are abundant proofs that the writer has quite as firm a grasp of some of the profoundest problems of the day as many of the specialists have. But those who share these views from a very narrow circle of his admirers. I shall not be guilty of any indiscretion in saying that Mr. Clemens not infrequently feels

THE ROLE OF HUMORIST INTOLERABLY IRKSOME,

and further, that he would prefer to be remembered by his more serious works than by his purely humorous. Probably if a plebiscite of his admirers were taken, a huge majority of votes would be cast in favour of "Huck. Finn" as Mark Twain's master-piece. That also is my own opinion. In any case "The Prince and the Pauper" and "Joan of Arc" would not stand high on the poll, yet they are the favourites of their author. This marked and peculiar preference has always appeared to me a positive indication of the basic seriousness of Mr. Clemen's temperament. Indeed, very often the suspicion is provoked among those who know him intimately that his antic disposition is largely assumed, and that fundamentally the author of "The Innocents Abroad" is a sedate savant who has been seduced from the paths of high seriousness by a fatal sense of the ridiculous. His tastes certainly seem to support this view. He is no musician, although a fervid lover of music; but beyond a strong and natural affection for the simple negro melodies of his native land his taste runs to Wagner. He once told me that he would walk twenty miles to hear "Tanhauser." Unlike all the other good Americans, Mr. Clemens has no desire to go to Paris when he dies, for his predilection among nations, the Great Republic of course excluded, is for Germany. This is not merely because of the opportunities for life-long study which the eccentricities and genders of the German language offer, but because the sober industry and fine intelligence of the people accord with the fundamental disposition of his own mind and character. The frivolity of the French is as abhorrent to his nature as is their lubricity; and probably, if you pressed Mark Twain, he would admit that an article of his creed is that the Court language of Hades is French. It is common among English people to assume that the author of "A connecticut Yankee at the Court of King Arthur" is somewhat cantankerously disposed towards England. Such is far from being the case, for although he laughs at many of the crusted anachronisms in our Constitution as one nurtured in an American atmosphere needs must, Mark Twain at heart is a sincere admirer of the English and a profound lover of England. If the Democrats ever come into office again they might do much worse than send S. L. Clemens to St. James's. I do not think a better index of his real feeling for England can be afforded than

AN INCIDENT IN OUR INDIAN TOUR.

The famed and fantastic pile of buildings in Lucknow, known as the Chattr Manzal or Umbrella Palace, built for his harem by the lascivious and opulent Nazir-ud-din, is now devoted to the kindly uses of the United Service Club, whose members entertained the Tramp Abroad after his first reading in the Mohammed Bagh. Responding to the toast of his health, Mark Twain, who is incurably American in thought and principle, deplored the strained relations then existing between England and America in consequence of Mr. Cleveland's letter to Congress, but he ridiculed the idea of the two peoples going to war. The Americans did not hate England: on the contrary, many Americans were moved by sentiments of the deepest friendship, founded, as one had avowed in Congress, on a pride of common ancestry. Mr. Clemens went on to say that he personally had never realised the intensity of this sentiment so clearly as during his sojourn in Lucknow. "When I visited," he concluded, "the battered and ivy-mantled ruins of the Residency, and was able there on the very spot to conjure up in my mind a picture of the heroic deeds and glorious deaths those decaying wall had witnessed, I could not but be proud that I too was of the same race as those heroes that the blood of the ancestors of those men ran also in my veins." It may be interesting to recall in this connection that an ancestor of the author of "A Connecticut Yankee at the Court of King Arthur" was one of the judges of Charles I. Heredity may explain much in that volume that is unpalatable to English taste. Mr. Clemens's literary preferences, although curiously eccentric, are entirely serious. He has a gluttonous appetite for books, but his taste is the despair of his family and friends. If he ever had a palate for poetry it has become atrophied, as was the case with Darwin; and now the one poet whose works afford him any pleasure is Browning, whom he reads aloud with a rare understanding of the spirit of the verse. Roughly speaking, I may say that he reads anything in prose that is clean and healthy, yet he has never been able to find a line in Thackeray which interested him. Addison and Goldsmith are thrown away upon him; and Meredith, perhaps not unnaturally, provokes him to laughter. I asked Mr. Clemens one day how he explained this indifference to the acknowledged master-craftsmen in his own trade. The explanation candidly given was

"I HAVE NO REALLY LITERARY TASTE, AND NEVER HAD."

Yet this is an explanation whose chief vice is that it fails to explain for he is a thorough admirer of Stevenson, and reads Mr. Kipling as much for style as for subject, while he have heard him quote both Shakespeare and Tennyson purely out of a delight for the melody of the words because, as he says, the phrase "tastes good in the mouth." My own judgment is that this occasional relish for a poetic phrase is the survival of a taste that has decayed through disuse or become depraved through the reading of newspapers, to which he is addicted almost as much as to smoking bad cigars. The latter are a byword among his friends. One day, in search of a smoke he entered a "cigar divan" in Chelsea, where he was living at the time. The tobacconist, recognising him, said, "I'm afraid, Mr. Twain, you could not smoke my cigars." "I'd like," drawled Mr. Twain, "to see the cigar I couldn't smoke." Similarly I should like to see the newspaper he could not read. This devotion to newspapers is, I believe, the explanation why commonly he fails so hopelessly to appreciate the masters in literature; why he could not finish "The Newcomes" without showing signs of distress, when Professor Brander Mathews recommended him "Barry Lyndon" as a monumental work, and Mr. Howells entreated him to read "Esmond," he could find no scene to interest him in either. It would be quite wrong to conclude from this failure that Mark Twain is indifferent to

THE VALUE OF SERIOUS CRAFTSMANSHIP IN LETTERS.

Personally, he is a most laborious architect in the building of phrases, as those only know who have seen him "on the job," or glanced through his note-books, a page from one of which by the way, may be seen in his latest volume, "Following the Equator." The rare exception is to pitch upon a line that has not been revised; and this scrupulousness seems to grow with each succeeding book. "The Innocents Abroad" was written in two months, at the rate of about five thousand words a day. "Following the Equator," which is about the same length, occupied eight months, apart from the time spent in travel and taking notes. During the inception of a work, Mr. Clemens lives a life of ascetic seclusion, scorning all exercise and recreation. He goes into his study at about nine in the morning, and will not leave his manuscript till towards seven in the evening. During the interval, the only nourishment he allows himself is tobacco, which, roughly speaking, he smokes all day. The constitution which tolerates this abuse is the puzzle of physicians, for although the pulse and temperature are commonly suspiciously abnormal, Mr. Clemens enjoys tolerably robust health. The book finished and despatched to the publisher, its author proceeds to forget it as speedily as possible, and ordinarily succeeds. Lockhart relates how, when "The Bride of Lammermoor" was placed for the first time, in its complete shape, in Scott's hands, its author did not recollect one single incident, character, or conversion; and again, Thackeray states that when once looking over some back numbers of "Pendennis," he came upon "a passage which I had utterly forgotten as if I had never written it." But Sir Walter dictated "The Bride" at a time when he was in great physical pain, and the position of "Pen" was interrupted by a severe illness. Mr. Clemens forgets the incidents and passages in his books with provoking and inexplicable regularity. An instance of this he records in his latest volume. It was at his first reading in Melbourne, when the boys in the gallery shouted out, as soon as he appeared on the stage, "Is he dead, Mary?" The author failed to place the incident referred to until some hours after. Again in the same city a lady asked him to include in his programme the story of the yellow dog. For the life of him the could not recall the faintest outline of that story, and it was only after mentioning the request to his wife that he was reminded of the incident in "Pudd'nhead Wilson," the latest book he had published.

THE LABOUR SQUANDERED

by Mr. Clemens upon the construction of his sentences is largely its own reward; and his experiences testify to the fallibility of criticism in even amusing measure. Upon no work has he lavished more care than upon "Joan of Arc," which is the result of seven years labour. As the narrative purports to be from the pen of Le Sieur de Coute, page and secretary to Joan, a simple-minded, uncultured country squire, Mr. Clemens's object was to throw off his usual style, and affect one of simple straightforward, unadorned English. The divergence of opinions, even among leading critics, upon his literary style has been so hopelessly irreconcilable that it is not surprising that during twenty-five years no book has been sent, with Mr. Clemens's permission, "for review." Upon Mark Twain's style there must necessarily be different opinions. Moreover, his performances are unequal. He is as a prose writer probably at his worst in "The Innocents Abroad"; at his best in "The Prince and the Pauper" and "Huck. Finn." Nor is he insensible of his failings in this respect. One evening, at a dinner party in Lahore, a gentleman remarked, "Oh, Mr. Clemens, I was glancing through 'The Innocents Abroad' the other day, and was surprised to discover a glaring error in grammer." "If you only found one," replied Mr. Clemens, "you were fortunate. The last time I looked at it, to refresh my memory of a passage, I discovered scores." But there is one feature in Mark Twain's written page that merits notice: he has never found it needful to step outside the covers of an English dictionary to express his thoughts. He has never been guilty of that parade of eruditon which finds expression in the use of stereotyped foreign quotations that, far from improving the sentence into which they are imported, debase it as a specimen of good English. In this respect his style and diction, although possibly, as Mr. Lang avers, purely American, are not unworthy of imitation by many who, as Mr. Lang himself, variegate their pure English with hackneyed quotations.

MATHEW ARNOLD,

after spending an evening with Mark Twain at Hartford, and after a good deal of intentionally serious talk on the latter's part, said to a common friend with whom he was walking home, "Is Mark Twain never serious?" Again I remember the editor of a leading Cape paper asking Mr. Clemens whether there were not certain passages in his works which clearly were not intended to be funny. The great critic and the journalist were alike possessed with the same suspicion that in all Mark Twain says or writes the humorous intention is ever present. They resembled the Parsi, and a lady who was taken to Mr. Clemens's first reading in Portsmouth. Elizabeth. From the moment he uttered his opening sentence she began to laugh, and continued to laugh so loud and so often that she grew a nuisance and became finally so intolerable that she had to be taken out. It then transpired that she was quite blind. Having been taught that Mark Twain was the funniest man in the world, and probably having had some of his richest passages read to her, she persisted in finding in every sentence laughing matter. Despite Matthew Arnold's disappointment, the general conversation of Mr. Clemens is far oftener of a serious turn than not, and his preference in selecting a programme for public reading is for the quieter passages of his works. But precisely as a leading English paper regretted he should waste his time upon "Joan of Arc," so the general public regret the inclusion of the serious items in his lecture programme. If Mark Twain has any antipathy against appearing on the lecture platform, it is because of the need to eliminate from his reading the serious items, and because of a belief that it is an undignified work to stand up before a lot of people who, having no respect for the senatorial dignity of his years, insist merely that he shall crack jokes to them for an hour or so. In his disposition there is a strongly developed serious strain, and he resents bitterly its enforced suppression. Mr. Clemens, of course, admits that the public have a sort of prescriptive right to expect only mirth from him—for years he has encouraged them in that mistake—and that consequently when anybody buys a book or attends a lecture by Mark Twain, the primary expectation is to be amused. Accordingly, to sell a serious work, without warning as to its character, is almost gaining money under false pretences. Now, if Mr. Clemens suffers from any serious ailment, it is an enlargement of the conscience. It is this which forced him to disregard the advice of his friends at the time of his financial failure four years ago, when, instead of assigning his estate like any business men, he dedicated his days to the full payment of his creditors. Every penny of this debt he has just discharged, and at sixty-four he begins life again. Similarly, when "Joan of Arc" was first published, he insisted that the anonymity of the author should be strictly preserved. Such decision, it is needless to add, involved a considerable financial sacrifice; but it seemed the right course to pursue in justice to his readers—smaller term, but an easier conscience. Manifestly, however, that method is impracticable in the case of a series of lectures. It is this conscientiousness which sharply distinguishes Mark Twain from what I may call the order-in-the-slot species of authors, whose standing invitation to publishers is "put an order in the letter-box and the figure will write." Mr. Clemens will not accept an order from publisher or newspaper, because he will not forfeit the right of burning his manuscript if it falls below his usual standard in the opinion of himself and his chief literary advisor, whom I shall not name, but merely say that Mr. Clemens has been guided by the same critic throughout his literary life. Of no writer could it be more justly said, "he gave the people of his best, the worst he kept." The Australian journals contended one against the other in making him alluring offers to write a description of the "Melbourne Cup," and American journals cabled to Johannesburg, practically speaking, blank cheques for an interview with the Reform prisoners at Pretoria. But he was firm in his adhesion to what is assuredly a good and useful rule. Only once, I believe, was he tempted, and the contrast was a nightmare during performance and a disappointment after. Any sketch of the real Mark Twain would be unfinished without some reference to his great love of children. The creator of those delightful child-heroes, Huck Finn and Tom Sawyer, could not but be a devout lover of the young. His susceptibility to children may, perhaps, be best illustrated by the fact, which I have often noted, that his best platform successes are on those occasions when he is able to catch sight, among his audience of some intelligent and appreciative child-listener, to whom he could, quite regardless of the adults, deliver his lecture. When this has happened the whole audience were aware of a high time, for the discovery of this favoured mite seemed to inspire the speaker to his best efforts and he would enjoy himself to the top of his bent in making this chosen child happy. Often afterwards he would regret that he could not see the child, and make her acquaintance, just as if he were under some obligation to her.

SPORTING NEWS.

AGA KHAN HOCKEY TOURNAMENT.

Y. M. C. A. vs. 14th Hussars.

In the third round of the tournament, the Y. M. C. A. met the 14th Hussars on Saturday before a big attendance at Marine Lines. The stands were crowded and the people had the satisfaction of witnessing an excellent game. It was fast, open and exciting all through, and although at times it became somewhat rough it was certainly one of the best games the tournament has produced so far.

Almost directly after the start Baker took the ball to the Y. M. C. A. circle, and Kiddle had to stop numerous shots in quick succession. However, playing cleverly, he kept his goal intact, and after this for some time the game changed rapidly from one end to the other without either side obtaining an advantage. Buckley, with the goal undefended, lost a good chance of opening the score, and following this the Y. M. C. A. pressed hard for some time. Izard, however, kept his goal safely. The Hussars' attacks were now brief ones and the Y. M. C. A. had the better of the game till half-time without scoring.

Opening the second half the Y. M. C. A. were soon pressing and a shot which brought the goal-keeper down at full length, only just missed the goal. Immediately afterwards Buckley centred and Spilling who was just inside the circle scored with a hard shot. The soldiers relieved the pressure for a short time, but the Y. M. C. A. were soon attacking hard once more and very nearly scored a second goal. They were practically keeping the Hussars penned in their circle, and looked as though they would be easy winners. In a few minutes Lewis in attempting to clear missed the ball. Izard came out, but hit away weakly, and Fido had little difficulty in scoring a second goal. Now after a lot of hard work the soldiers got the ball to their opponents' circle, where Ward cleared. Then the left wing cleverly worked their way down, and although tackled hard by the Y. M. C. A. halves transferred the ball to the right, where Smallwood scored with a long shot. The Hussars had now recovered their form and pressed the Y. M. C. A. hard for a long time. Hallard getting passed the backs looked as though he would equalise, but Kiddle ran out and cleared. The Y. M. C. A. were making a stubborn defence and a very hot shot from Smith was well stopped by Kiddle. The Hussars tried hard for an equalising goal right up to time, but were unsuccessful. Result:—

Y. M. C. A. 2
14th Hussars..... 1

Y. M. C. A.:—Goal, Kiddle; backs, W. George and N. George; half-backs, Hildreth, Ward and Dowling; forwards, Templeton, Kelly, Spilling, Fido and Buckley.

14TH HUSSARS:—Goal, Izard; backs, Powell and Lewis; halves, Bartlett, Russell and Piper; forwards, Smallwood, Terrill, Hallard, Smith and Baker.

TO-DAY'S MATCH.

This afternoon the Pioneers' "A" will play the Cheshire Regiment at Marine Lines.

THE FINAL—A CHARITY MATCH.

The final round of the tournament will be played next Saturday, and the proceeds of the match will be given to charity, the gate money being divided among the following:—The Seamen's Institute, the Soldiers' Home (Colaba), St. George's Hospital Nursing Association and the Indo-British Institution. It is hoped that season ticket holders will subscribe by paying the entrance fee as has been customary in previous years.

YACHT CLUB RACES.

SATURDAY'S races were sailed in a fresh breeze from the N.-N.-W.

In "A" class four started, all within 26 seconds after gunfire. Turquoise was first over, followed by Mahshuka, Sapphire and Eileen. Melody was an absentee as her owner, Mr. Macbeth, was sailing Mahshuka which he steered to easy victory.

Turquoise carried away her mast on the first round at North Karanja Buoy and Eileen at the same mark rent her mainsail which put her out of the race as she lost time in repairs, and although she got the gun the prize went to Mahshuka after a very creditable performance as no adverse opinions have been too freely expressed as to her capabilities in heavy weather.

In "B" class there were only two entries, Lylie getting away first by 12 seconds from Trixie. Trixie added to a chapter of accidents in having the misfortune to carry away her bobstay and had to retire at North Karanja Buoy which appeared to be an illfated mark, the sea being jumpy and the puffs heavy. Lylie, being the only boat left in, secured the prize.

In "C" Class seven boats started in a bunch within 26 seconds of gunfire. Coralie secured the gun and first prize after a well sailed race from Curlew by 18 seconds and we are glad to welcome the return of the latter boat amongst us again after a long absence. Marie Louise secured third prize.

The following are the official timings:—

"A" Class Handicap Race—Sailed at 3-30 p.m.

Names of Boats.	Time Allowances. M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Corrected Time. H. M. S.
Sapphire.....	7 18	R.H.H. Hopkins		
		Maj Muter R E	5 23 36	1 46 18
Turquoise ...	10 56	J W Stokes and F. J. Preston ...	Did not finish.	
Eileen IV ...	Scr	J. F. Watson ...	5 18 57	1 48 57
Mahshuka ...	15 55	J.B.K. Macbeth..	5 26 36	1 40 41

Course: Committee vessel to Sunk Rock to port; North Karanja Buoy to port—Committee vessel; North Karanja Buoy to port—Committee Vessel. Distance 11·80 miles.

Wind N N W. Strength fresh.
1st prize won by Mahshuka.
Sapphire saves entrance fee.

"B" Class Handicap Race—Sailed at 3-40 p.m.

Names of Boats.	Time Allowances. M. S.	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H M S	Corrected Time. H M S
Trixie	3 14	Officers, Glouces-tershire Regt	Did not finish.	
Peewit.....	14 33	Duncan Fraser	Did not start.	
Lylie	Scr.	R. G. Montcath	5 54 46	2 14 46

Course: Committee vessel to North Karanja Buoy to port Committee Vessel. Mark Buoy to port—Committee Vessel. Distance 9·70 miles.

Wind N N W. Strength fresh.
1st prize won by Lylie.

"C" Class Handicap Race—Sailed at 3-50 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Time Allowances. M S	Entered by	Time of Arrival. H. M. S.	Time of Finishing H. M. S.
Coralie	4 0	B. Thomas	5 41 57	1 47 57
Maud	0 40	Officers S.E ...	5 45 8	1 54 28
Chitha	Scr.	J. J. Welch.....	5 42 34	1 52 34
Lapwing ...	7 20	C.N. Moberly...	5 47 17	1 49 57
Valkyrie.....	3 20	R Walker.....	gave up	
Curlew	6 0	C A Wordsworth	5 44 15	1 48 15
Marie Louise	3 20	K. MacIver	5 52 2	1 48 42
Pearl.....	4 40	A E Baird and D. North....	5 47 8	1 52 28

Course: Committee Vessel to Mark Buoy to port; North Karanja Buoy to Port; Committee Vessel; Middle Ground Buoy to Starboard; South Troopship Buoy to Starboard—Committee Vessel. Distance 7·66 miles. Time-limit 6-45 p. m.

Wind N N W Strength fresh.
1st Prize won by Coralie.
2nd prize won by Curlew.
3rd prize won by Marie Louise.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 22th April.

370—Arms—All Rifles and Accoutrements to be returned to Head-Quarters at once. Oil bottles and pull throughs must be returned with Rifles or will be charged for.

371—Bugle Practice—Tuesday 26th instant—Bugle practice on the Maidan at 8 p m (S T).

372. Promotion—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following promotion in "F" Company with effect from this date:—

No. 6242 Vol M Jindell to be Corporal.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

PRIMARY EDUCATION AMONG GOANS.

Dr. J. O. PIRES, retired medical officer of the G. I. P. Railway, delivered a lecture on Primary Education among Goans, in the Gosn Union Hall, Bombay. There was a large attendance. He introduced the subject by declaring that Primary Education is the first stepping-stone to knowledge, and that the acquirement of knowledge is a duty imposed by the Creator. The successful performance of these duties could only be done by the proper exercise of the five senses, day by day, and generation after a generation, by a gradually acquired knowledge, always in an increasing degree. Knowledge is acquired by the aid of a language, and it is easiest for people to acquire it quickly in their vernacular. He asserted that the vernacular language of the Goanese was Concanim, and its legitimate letters were Devnagiri. As soon as one could read and write his vernacular the next step was through it to acquire an elementary knowledge of Geography, History, Arithmetic, Sanitary Science, Civic duties, and last, but not least, Religious Knowledge and Education. He regretted that Concanim in Devnagiri characters was not cultivated among the Goans, and, it was on this account, that the bumbler Goans could not successfully compete in India with the natives who, by reason of their knowledge of their vernaculars, were better equipped to push themselves forward in various enterprises. The Concanim language was unfortunately not cultivated by any indigenous ruler, as it had been the case with the sister languages, Marathi, Guzerati and Bengali. The Portuguese authorities at Goa did not countenance it, but made the study of Portuguese almost obligatory.

The lecturer warned his audience to make a joint effort of their own to cultivate Concanim side by side with English, in order to prepare them to enter into new spheres of activity. If natives with only their particular vernacular could flourish in many concerns, the Goans with a knowledge of Concanim in Devnagiri characters, combined with a fair knowledge of the English language, ought to be more successful.

In connection the philanthropic lecturer impressed upon the audience the great necessity of having Anglo-Vernacular schools well distributed in all the Villages of Goa and other places where Goans are the chief residents, and not to fall into the common mistake of attaching undue importance to purely English Schools. A study of the Vernaculars was, he said, absolutely necessary for Indian Christians if they did not want to be left behind in the race for progress, or to make successful stand against the present great activity among the other natives of India.

DEPARTURES.

Per s.s. "City of Calcutta," April 25.

Passengers will leave this port to-day by the Ellerman Line s.s. "City of Calcutta" for Marseilles and Liverpool, and the medical inspection will be held at the Ballard Pier at noon punctual on the 25th instant.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Bailey, Mr H P P and the Hon Mrs
Babington, Miss
McSean Duncan, Mr and Mrs and Miss
Bird, Mr and Mrs A E and servant
Beard, Capt H
Davies, Miss M E
Davidson, Mr I M
Furness, Miss
Forrester, Mr R E
Hunter, Miss
Irvine, Miss C
Innes, Capt and Mrs S A
Jacob, Mrs
Jollie, Major and Mrs
Paterson, Mr J D
Payne, Mr and Mrs C H
Pike, Capt
Fridcaux, Col and Mrs
Pereira Nunes, Capt and Mrs
Ridding, Mrs
Shewan, Mr and Mrs W B
Simkin, Mr F H
Smith Forbes, Mrs and child
Scarr, Mrs T A infit and nurse
Stevenson, Mrs and infant
Tucker Booth, Comm and Mrs and family
Young, Mr R

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Beresford Lovett, Maj Gen
Biscoe, Mr W S
Beales, Mrs H F infit and nurse
Buchanan, Rev and Mrs J and child
Cox, Maj R F
Coapr, Smith Mrs
Claridge, Mrs A E and infit
Campbell Dick, Mrs
McCreery, Lt Col
Crichton, Maj and Mrs R T
Crowe, Mr and Mrs 3 children and infant
Davies, Lieut
Dickinson, Mr H
Findon, Mr and Mrs H
Fane, Mrs V B
Ford, Maj and Mrs
Gilbert, Mrs E D
Glenaie, Miss
Glanville, Mr
Hartnell, Mr G E
Hartley, Mr J M and 3 children and nurse
Hoggan, Mr G (Junior)
Hales, Mrs G
Hough, Mr J E
Howarth, Mr and Mrs and infant
Hoyle, Mrs
Johnson, Lt
Knowles, Capt G
Langdon, Major
Lille, Mrs and infant
Luce, Mrs
Mallinson, Mr and Mrs Martin, Lt C B
Matchin, Mrs and infant
Middleton, West Mrs
Morrod, Mr and Mrs H and infant
McNeil, Mr and Mrs J H
Morsworthy, Miss M
Paterson, Hwing Mrs and 2 infants, and nurse
Pinwell, Capt
Priestly, Mr A
Rankine, Mr J
Reynolds, Senior Nursing Sister
Richardson, Col
Robson, Miss
Sweteham, Miss A E
Scott, Mrs W H and 2 children
Sharville, Mrs child and infant
Stockley, Col and Mrs
Stuart, Mr and Mrs C H
Tonge, Mrs and Miss
Varion, Miss B C
Webb, Mrs M de P infant and nurse

FOR PORT SAID.

Allan, Mr A T

Per s.s. "Caledonien," April 23.

The following passengers proceeded to Colombo and Australia by the Messageries Maritimes Co's steamer "Caledonien" on Sunday from stream at 9 a.m.

COLOMBO.

Musajee, Mr J A
Edwin Ludwig, Dr
Arsorsingh, Mr
Dawoodbhai, Mr A A
Mariambai, Bai
Rukhmabai, Bai
Taraporewalla, Mr V F
Merwanji Kaikhasroo, Mr
Captain, Mr M S
Pookhanawalla, Mr M N
Fernandes, Mr S
Gellier, Mr C
Nash, Mr R J
Goodfellows, Capt R C
Grau Le, Mr A

HONGKONG—Martin, Mr R C

SHANGHAI.

Solina, Mr R V
Mistry, Mr M J

YOKOHAMA.

Ygra Sen, Mr
Balwant Singh, Mri
Thanawalla, Mr P F
Plare Lall, Mr

SAIGON—Gonzalinke, Mr S

KOBE.

Lowndes, Mr and Mrs G R
Sogi, Mrs
Obaru, Miss

MELBOURNE—Lawson, Mrs

ADELAIDE.

Evans, Mrs W H
Croome, Mr, Mrs and girl

SYDNEY.

Colling, Mrs
Vassilia Apastopoulco, Mr
Tarseley, Mr L
Marshall, Mr G
Dimitrion, Mr T
Sabely Mantera Mrs and child
Thays, Mrs H J and child
Marooni, Mr J
Marrie Bolons, Mrs and baby
Shemtol, Miss N
Lebood Bolons, Mrs and baby
Antoine, Mr
Lihtas, Mrs S
Kemely, Mr G
Frankos, Mr D
Valesamis, Mr J
Sebastianis, Mr F
Reose, Mr R
Vegh Istvan, Mr
Caradinos, Mr M

NAUMEA.

Dubruel, Mr and Mrs and 3 children
Metlique, Mr and Mrs
Malevez, Mr and Mrs
Lacroit, Mr
Gares, Mr and Mrs and 2 children
Pierre, Mr, Mrs and baby
Le Goff, Mr and Mrs
Grossjean, Mr and Mrs
Boatean, Mr and Mrs
Chambon, Mr and Mrs and 3 children
Barbier de Preville, Mr
Lehelly, Mr
Bastians, Mr J
Vandeneuve, Mr L
Coulon, Mr and Mrs
Morelli, Mr and Mrs

SIR P. M. MEHTA ENTERTAINMENT FUND.

The following further contributions have been received towards Sir Phirozeshaw M. Mehta Entertainment Fund:—Amount previously acknowledged, Rs. 2,731; Mr. Salebhoy K. Barodavala, Rs. 25; total Rs. 2,756.

COL. H. Ringwood, late of the East Surrey Regt., has died while on a visit to Hursley, Winchester, at the age of fifty-two. He joined the East Surrey Regt. in September 1876, and took part in the Afghan war of 1878-80, for which he had the medal.

RUSSIA AND FINLAND.

Professor Eucken on the Position.

Professor Rudolph Eucken, of the University of Jena, whose title to speak on politico-philosophic subjects is well-known, contributes to the German periodical "Nord und Sud," an article on the Finnish question from which we make the following extracts:—

In the memorable Landtag at Borga on March 27, 1809, the Tsar solemnly ratified the religion and laws of the country; Finland did not become in any way a Russian province, but kept its own Constitution, Legislature, and Executive. By Imperial declaration it was pronounced an independent State, completely annexed to Russia as regards two matters only—(1) Imperial succession; (2) foreign policy. Thus Finland had its own Government (in the Senate), its own Landtag, with the right to control its own tariffs; its own coinage, its own banking and postal arrangements, and moreover, and independent educational system for all grades; in short, it had all the privileges of an independent State whose connection with another is limited to certain clearly defined relations. Again, in the Russian Constitution of 1906, we read in section 2: "The Grand Duchy of Finland, which forms an inseparable part of the Russian Empire, is governed in all that concerns its internal affairs by separate in institutions resting on a separate Legislature." Accordingly, Finland sends no representative to the Duma.

The Finnish Constitution, originally granted by Alexander I., has been solemnly confirmed by all succeeding Tsars, not excepting the present ruler. Thus in the course of a few generations Russia and Finland have worked out an adjustment of their legal and social relations which might reasonably satisfy them both. Finland, secure from outside aggression, was free to develop under the happiest auspices. Russia, on the other hand, had a true and loyal comrade, never guilty of a hostile or even an unfriendly act—nay, rather, in all times of difficulty and danger ever showing herself ready to help and assist to the best of her ability.

THE MENACE OF RUSSIAN NATIONALISM.

This happy state of affairs was never seriously menaced till towards the close of the nineteenth century. Then as Russian Nationalism, with its hatred of everything non-Russian, gained more and more influence over the Russian Government, the autonomy of Finland became increasingly endangered and her outlook grew ever darker. In 1899 an address in favour of Finland was signed by prominent leaders in the world of European science and art. It must have cheered the hearts of the Finlanders, but it had no practical result whatsoever. The Russianising movement went ever steadily forward: the endeavour to make Finland a Russian province became ever more open and undisguised, leading finally to quite serious conflicts. In 1903 the Finnish Constitution was suspended and a dictatorship set up. In 1905, however, the inner changes in Russian administration brought about by the Japanese war had a decidedly favourable bearing on Finland. The unconstitutional laws were abrogated and a special Landtag was convoked, provision being made at the same time for a new and very radical electoral reform.

Soon, however, fresh complications set in, and to-day the autonomy of Finland is threatened no less seriously than before. The new peril has its origin mainly in the regulation of those concerns which Russia and Finland have in common. Undoubtedly these constitute a problem. Conditions are not so simple as they were at the beginning of the 19th century. The two nations no longer live so peaceably side by side: the steadily increasing complexity of their mutual relations calls for careful consideration. But all that is requisite could quite easily be attained by a little mutual adjustment. The Finns are a prudent and sensible people. There is not the slightest fear that they will obstinately refuse to comply with demands which have their justification in facts. It makes a great difference, however, whether these demands are simply dictated by the one side and imposed on the other by force, or whether negotiations are conducted on a footing of equality and the free consent of both parties is solicited. By solemn Imperial promise—and an Imperial promise is not to be turned and twisted—Finland has been guaranteed complete autonomy in her internal affairs, and the context, no less than the customary interpretation of the phrase, leaves not a shadow of doubt that it should include the whole administration of the State, with the sole exception of foreign policy. Indeed the Emperor's speech at the close of the Landtag at Borga expressly states that the Finnish people "are henceforth ranked among the nations (place desormais au rang des nations)."

FINLAND'S "INTERNAL" AFFAIRS.

The Russians, however—though by no means all Russians, since many of them fully admit Finland's right, but bureaucratic and ultranationlistic Russia, —understand by the phrase "internal affairs" those affairs only which in no way affect the other parts of the Empire. "Internal" affairs then would mean nothing more than affairs, and the worst of it would "local" be that the authorisation of this limitation would tell wholly in favour of the Russian officials, who would soon destroy the last shreds of Finnish independence. Brief as their opportunity has so far been there are yet instances in plenty to show how little they would leave to the discretion of Finland. Concrete instances will serve to show this better than any general statement; such instances, for example, as are given by the distinguished Dutch Professor of Jurisprudence at Leiden—Professor Van der Blugt —in a very instructive article which appeared in the "Frankfurther Zeitung" of December 30, 1909. From the lists of Finnish concerns which had to be investigated by the Russian Minister he cites the following:—(1) Draft of an agreement to be transmitted to the Lantag concerning the pasturage of cattle in the meadows; (2) yearly grant of 5,400 marks to an industrial school at Bjornesburg; (3) despatch of two officials of the State railways—Gronfeldt and Stier by name—to take part in a congress at Copenhagen. What will be left of Finnish independence if the Russian authorities subject matters of this kind to their supervision?

But it is not only a love of justice, it is also a concern for culture that leads us to feel so keenly the oppression of Finland. There can be no question but that the loss of her political autonomy will soon bring with it the destruction of her national and spiritual individuality, just as her auspicious development was closely bound up with the possession of political independence. And the destruction would be all the more regrettable since this would be no case of a higher civilisation raising a lower to its own level, but of a lower dragging down a higher. For however highly we may estimate Russia's literary achievements and the spiritual forces that are stirring in that great land, however high the expectations we may entertain from the quickening of the depths that slumber in the soul of her people, yet the general level of life in Finland is unquestionably higher, and her reduction to a mere province would certainly mean that she would be torn away from the solidly-based, quietly progressive work she is doing so well only to be plunged into the gravest complications and distractions.

THE DUMA'S OPPORTUNITY.

From Russian officialdom, indeed, Finland has nothing to hope. But Russian officialdom is not Russia: it is not Russian society nor yet the Russian nation. There is room for hope that in these wider circles, which themselves stand face to face with such grave problems, respect for justice and sympathy with the aspirations of a neighbouring people who have always been loyal to Russia will yet carry the day over all hostile tendencies. If the Russian Representative Assembly should range itself on the side of justice it would be a great act, a shining example for the whole of humanity, a lasting help to all who are striving for the establishment of international relations on principles of right and justice. It would also be in Russia's own interest. For Russia has problems enough to face without burdening herself with new ones, and even a great nation is acting imprudently when, instead of a well disposed and faithful ally, she creates for herself an adversary suppressed by brute force and smarting under a deep sense of injury. The whole civilised world, then, follows with tense anxiety the further development of this question. May it be such as to conduce to the welfare of Finland and Russia alike!

FLORILINE:—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline, sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

CITY OF CONTRASTS.

A Second Impression of Cairo.

In the centre of Cairo, before the Opera House (which was one of the extravagances that swelled Khedive Ismail's debts to their amazing total of ninety million pounds), there stands a statue. It is a statue of Ibrahim Pasha on horseback. He has his arm outstretched, pointing to the west.

That seemed to me, directly I saw it, to be allegorical of the destiny of Egypt, Ismail the Extravagant, said himself, "Egypt is no longer in Africa; we are part of Europe." It was not true when he said it. It is not true yet. But every year the process of Westernisation brings the day nearer when it will be true. The eyes of the Egyptians are turned in the direction towards which Ibrahim Pasha's right arm is pointing. It is pointing to the west.

Here, indeed, at the Opera Square one might almost be in Europe. The shops, the hotels with their broad terraces, the electric street-cars, the motor-"taxis," the neat little two-horse victorias, the well-kept gardens where the birds are filling the exquisitely fresh morning air with their cheerful melody—all these conspire to deceive. Step into one of the victorias and in two or three minutes you will be among surroundings which seem to be altogether Eastern.

A few corners turned at a speed which arouses admiration both for the driver and his dashing little steeds, and we enter the Mouski, the long narrow street which is the backbone of the bazaar quarter. The cafe at this end of it has its tables filled already. The town Egyptian spends much of his time shipping coffee and smoking with quiet enjoyment. All classes are the same in this respect. Here the men are mostly in European clothes and wear the tarbush. But you pass numbers of little shops where on the rough divans within and on the benches outside the door are seated natives in robes and turbans, passing round the mouthpiece of the hookah pipe, playing cards and dominoes, and exchanging endless gossip at all hours of the day.

THE MOUSKI.

As you look down the Mouski it seems quite hopeless to expect your carriage to make its way through the tangle of traffic. There is scarcely any division into roadway and pavement. The whole street is not much more than twenty feet wide. It is literally full of vehicles as far as you can see, and on each side, squeezing in as near the shops as possible, are picturesque throngs of people on foot. The noise is bewildering. All the drivers shout all the time as they steam desperately through the pack.

At a corner there is a complete block. No carline goes down the Mouski, but one crosses it, and here there is a knot which looks hard to untie. Into the press from a side street shoots a dark-skinned boy on a bicycle. He collides at once with a donkey which can hardly be seen for the spreading burden of green forage on its patient back. Off he falls into the arms of a tall Nubean whose brilliant white teeth gleam against his shining black skin as he smiles with indulgent humour.

Better get out and walk. We have almost got to the "real" part of the bazaars, at first the Mouski is lined with cheap jewellery and watch stores, rubbish from Europe and America; with modern boot shops, with flyblown haberdashers, with doubtful-looking scent and soap emporia. There are one or two good general drapers on the lines of the Magasins du Louvre in miniature. It is odd to see them crowded with harem ladies all cloaked and veiled, turning over fal-lals with eager critical eyes. They chatter excitedly in undertones as they pack themselves into the lift to go upstairs. Their dark lustrous eyes flash upon the stranger humorous glances.

THE ANCIENT CAIRO.

But now we have left all signs of Europe behind us. Plunge into any of the narrow lanes on either side of the Mouski and you are in ancient Cairo at once. Here Europeans do not often come. They haunt the Khan Khalil, whose network of alleys dates from 1400, and where carpets, silks, red shoes, and precious stones are set out to tempt the unwary. "No charge for look-at," say the insidious gentlemen in fezzes. They play the spider and fly game with infinite resource.

In the quarters to which we have penetrated a fly is seldom seen. English is never heard. In their dark stalls, like big inverted packing-cases, piled high with wares of various kinds, sit dignified old men in turbans, their legs crossed beneath them, their figures playing with their rosaries of beads. In some bargaining is going on. Shopping here is, of course, a leisurely business. Look at this group. A well-to-do Egyptian in a beautiful robe of delicately striped silk and a green turban, which shows he went to Mecca, last year, is making offers for a donkey saddle gorgeous with embroidery. A number of coins lie upon the ground. Every now and then the flings another down. Talking goes on the whole time. Both he and the seller appeared continually to the spectators. Suddenly the Egyptian sweeps the money together and stands up. The saddler shrugs his shoulders. The Egyptian turns to go. But the saddler has him by the robe in an instant, and next minute down they sit again to continue the entertainment. If that saddle is bought by the middle of next week the business will have been very quickly done!

THE UNTOUCHED PAST.

Before a grain stall three half-naked men pound maize in a huge stone mortar with great iron pestles. One of them holds out his for me to try. I can only just lift it in my right hand. Close by a coffee-roaster with shaven head, according to the fashion here, is making a delicious fragrance amid the unholy odours of this airless spot. Overhead there hang stuffs and straw trusses to keep the sun out, covering the lane in. The effect is wonderful. A dim golden haze softens down all the crudities of colour. The whole place is in continual movement, shifting like the patterns of a kaleidoscope. Specially good is the street of the tentmakers, where numberless cross-legged needlemen sew their strips of bright cotton into traditional patterns. Such a tent-maker must St. Paul have been before that great light shone upon him as he rode. Just here, too, is a gateway where the spirit of a Moslem saint is said to dwell. On all the great nails of the door are shreds of stuff torn from the clothing of believers who seek his aid. Very reverently the passers by touch them and stop to say a prayer. All day long there are supplications going up on this holy spot.

Soon we emerge into more open streets. We pass wide spaces cleared of buildings, eyesores, rubbish heaps. Old Cairo is disappearing. The land boom of a few years back destroyed much of it. And then the slump came and those who had pulled down had no money wherewith to build up. Many of those who have built have given the newtrees a squalid, shabby appearance. Here and there a beautiful old Arab house stands in pathetic dignity among the cheap and nasty erections of Builder Jerry.

But there are compensations everywhere. Look at this fine new fire station with its shining engine and horses ready harnessed and smart firemen in uniform. Much is lost in charm and picturesqueness. There is talk even of giving Cairo a drainage system, if the soil can be disturbed without causing a fearful plague. When once changes begin no one can foresee the end of them. To look at those two grave old Arabs exchanging their smileless greetings appear altogether untouched by the spirit of change. Yet out of the pocket of one sticks a newspaper in Arabic. Appearances are deceptive everywhere, but more so in Cairo than anywhere else.—H. Hamilton Fyfe in the "Daily Mail."

CZAR AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

For the first time for many years the Czar on April 1 attended a concert at the Imperial Opera House in St. Petersburg. The concert was given in aid of military charities. His Majesty arrived just before nine o'clock, and was received by police officials only. There was no crowd owing to the secrecy which had been observed. When his Majesty and his suite appeared in the Imperial box massed military bands, numbering close on 1,000 performers, seated in tiers on the stage, played the National Anthem several times amid enthusiastic cheers. The brilliant audience included the Court entourage, the elite of St. Petersburg society, the members of the Diplomatic Body, and prominent military personages.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard. Countess of Westmeath says: "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a cure, refreshed and healthy condition delicately perfumed, Obsmists, Grocers, etc, sell it.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, APRIL 24.

The disturbance in north-west India has caused a light local precipitation in west Himalayas, and the north-west Punjab. It is associated with a cool wave which has extended over the whole of the United Provinces and the central parts of the country. Light rain has fallen locally in Assam, Madras and the Deccan.

Forecast.—A few falls in Assam and the extreme north.

SIMLA, APRIL 24.

The disturbance in the north-west India yesterday has disappeared after giving a few falls of rain in the extreme north, while over the rest of the country the weather has been practically dry, except for isolated falls in Assam and Orissa.

Forecast.—A few falls of rain in north-east India.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 23RD APRIL.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 23rd April, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Rawalpindi recorded 0·67" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded in the north-east Punjab. The air continues damper than usual. Temperature is very low; the greatest deficiency being 21° at Rawalpindi and Multan during the day.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly clouded in the north-west; elsewhere they are clear. Humidity is about the average. Temperature has fallen and is below normal at most places.

Sind and Rajputana.—Cloud has decreased and skies are now generally lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in slight excess. Temperature remains low everywhere except in Sind at night.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly clouded in Catch and Kathiawar and north Gujarat and clear in west Central India. Humidity is in defect in west Central India and normal or in excess elsewhere. Temperature remains below the average.

The Central Provinces.—Light cloud persists in north-east only. The air is drier than usual. Temperature is in defect in several places.

The Konkan.—Light cloud persists at Bombay and Mormugao only. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Day temperature is in slight excess in the north Konkan: night temperature is in defect at Mormugao.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is considerably below the average. Temperature is normal except for a defect at Malegaon in the minimum.

General Remarks.—Skies remain densely clouded in the submontane districts of the Punjab and local rain is again likely there. Bellary reports 0·10" of rain.

A few showers may occur in the extreme south.

Appended is Saturday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st November to date.
Bushire (22nd)	90·1	68·6	...	14·63
Jask	86·3	74·3	...	7·65
Muskat (22nd)	89·9	79·1	...	2·39
Multan	80 3	68·0	0·02	1·75
Rawalpindi	69·9	55·9	0,67	5·30
Lahore	86·4	63·7	...	5 56
Simla	...	...	...	3·05
Ambala	84·5	60·9	...	2·98
Delhi	93·7	66·7	...	2·05
Agra	95·0	70 0	...	0·98
Mainpuri	97·3	66·0	...	1·11
Jhansi	98·3	67·5	...	1·32
Cawnpore	100·6	70·0	...	1·40
Allahabad	98·6	75·3	...	1·72
Jacobabad	85·5	75·5	...	1·09
Karachi	92·9	72·2	...	1·90
Ajmer	94·7	70·1	...	1 55
Jaipur	97·5	74·1	...	0·95
Kotah	97·6	72·0	...	?
Bhuj	84·3	77·2	...	0·56
Dwarka	83·6	69 8	...	0·45
Veraval	?	...	...	0·59
Bajko	104·6	71·0	...	1·04
Jamnagar Para	99·1	70·6	...	0·42
Surat	101·6	72·2	...	0·48
Ahmedabad	99·8	67·4	...	0·05
Deesa	95·0	65·8	...	0·10
Neemuch	96·1	67·0	...	0·08
Indore	99·3	68·3	...	1·67
Jubbulpore	97·6	71·5	...	0 77
Saugor	101·1	68·4	...	1·62
Hoshangabad	102·2	70·1	...	0·60
Khandwa	103·2	70 1	...	5·27
Akola	101·8	72·8	...	4·91
Amraoti	104·1	76·8	...	5·04
Nagpur	105·5	73·0	...	1·03
Chanda	101·7	78·6	...	2·70
Raipur	92 6	78·0	...	...
Bombay	94·3	78·9	...	...
Batnagiri	89 0	76·7	...	1·58
Mormugao	90·8	78·5	...	0·31
Karwar	102·4	66·1	...	2·03
Malegaon	99·9	71·0	...	...
Ahamednagar	101·0	68·8	...	0·63
Poona	104·3	74·9	...	0·41
Sholapur	103·7	77·7	...	2·22
Bijapur	99·3	68·1	...	1·00
Belgaum	99·7	76·2	...	0·03
Aurangabad	102·9	75·7	...	...
Nizamabad (Indur)	103·3	73·7	...	2·40
Hyderabad	93·3	77·8	...	11·46
Mangalore	91·8	79·6	...	15·37
Calicut	90·7	81·4	...	21·25
Cochin	89·5	75·0	0·02	11·35
Colombo	93·3	76·2	...	0·47
Mannlipatam	106·0	78·8	0 10	1·22
Bellary	110·7	84·6	...	0
Cuddapah	95·0	80·5	...	4·86
Madras	96·3	71·8	...	0·59
Bangalore	98·9	72·8	...	3·95
Coimbatore	102·1	78·3	...	3 97
Trichinopoly	97·0	79·0	...	9·03
Negapatam				

In column wind "Rate per hour" L = Light, M = Moderate, S = Strong, H = Heavy, F = Fresh.

STANDARD BROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 23rd April was 29·849 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 10 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80° F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of baromoter cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct in from those given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMS

BY THE WAY.

BRIGHTON'S WORK.

Brighton's claim to fame as innovator of police-organised charity has not been allowed to pass unchallenged. It is contended that a similar scheme was on foot in Northampton in 1895, whilst Mr. George Duckworth has reminded us by his letter to the "Times," that during the hard winter of 1895 there was considerable activity in philanthropic circles in London, and a large portion of the money subscribed was distributed by means of the police. It is right that these facts should be known, but at the same time no suggestion has yet been made that the most important feature in the Brighton system is not fresh. This feature is the procuring of situations for the destitute children who have been temporarily assisted. For valuable though this temporary assistance is, it is obvious that in the majority of cases it can effect no lasting good. It helps the children to exist; it does not help them to live, or fit them for the responsibilities of life, unless it aids them to obtain regular employment. This is Brighton's great work, and whether it is a new or a tried experiment matters little.

SYNONYMS.

There seems to be a danger that Mr. Harold Cox's name, which crops up in Parliamentary debates nearly as often as King Charles's head intervened in Mr. Dick's discourses, may become a proverb, a synonym for independence of thought and action in the House of Commons, just as the name of Halifax—not, of course, the distinguished leader of he English Church Union—has become synonymous, with trimming and the unfortunate little town of Kespenick with the enaction of a successful imposture. We must protest against this proud distinction conferred upon the would-be member for Preston, much as we admire his independence. Not readily shall we forget the inestimable services performed by Mr. Rees, the Liberal member for Montgomery District, in combatting the mischievous tendencies of the so-called "friends," but really foes, of India, the Cotton-Mackarness Byles group, in the last Parliament. That sterling old Civilian still sits in the House, we are glad to see, but the objects of his righteous wrath have been scattered to the four winds; in other words, the country has carried out his injunctions and given full effect to his diatribes. Most worthy is he, then, of becoming a synonym, quite as worthy as Mr. Cox, whose Free Trade enthusiasm has accomplished nothing.

THE BROKEN ROPE ON LILWED.

While nothing can soften the tragedy of the accident on Snowdown, one feature of the accident is extraordinarily interesting, and comforting, perhaps to the relatives of a great guide. When in 1865 Lord Francis Douglas and his party met their fate in descending from the Matterhorn it may be remembered that the lives of the guide Taugwalder and those behind him were saved by the parting of the rope just in front of the guide. At the time there were not wanting those who hinted that a knife might have been concerned in the severing of the rope, and that the sharp edge of a rock was not sufficient to account for the breakage. The circumstances of the accident to Mr. Salt seem to show how groundless were these suspicions. The rope broke between him and the lady following fifty feet behind him, though there was only his weight putting any strain upon it. In the case of the Matterhorn disaster there was the strain of four men's weight. Mr. Hadow slipped and fell, sweeping Michael Croz off his feet, and they dragged down Mr. Hudson and Lord Francis Douglas, and would have dragged down Taugwalder and the others had not the rope snapped most opportunely. Mr. Whymper entered the lists on behalf of Taugwalder, showing by means of a photograph of the ends of the two served pieces of rope how jagged those ends were, and unsuggestive of an artificial cut with a knife, and this Snowdon accident goes far to substantiate Mr. Whymper's defence.

TOO EFFUSIVE SYRENS.

While the Metropolitan police have taken the right road in ordering all future taxicabs to sound the same note of warning, this is but a small thing compared with the far greater reform demanded of, and apparently about to be conceded by, the Local Government Board in respect to the ordinary car. For the taxicab is singularly humdrum in its announcement that it is coming, while private motor-cars are sounding the heights and depths of eccentricity. Wild bursts of music startle the countryside, and excited cottagers who rush out in joyful expectation of seeing a travelling circus or a man with a bear or the Salvation Army retire cast down, discomfited and coated with dust as an ordinary car whirls past. In the clouded gloom of night, suburbs, otherwise entirely respectable, echo to shrieks and wails, and the superstitious are inclined to believe with Milton that now is the time when "D—d spirits all Flock to the infernal jail. Each fettered ghost slips to its several grave." Scarcely superior in its alarming properties is the loud chuckle that greets Mrs. Partington as she goes home at dusk from a happy tea party. All these signals are, of course, devised with the very best intentions—namely, to differentiate the signal of the motor from the ordinary boom of the street or the song of the rustic nightingale, but they go too far, and most folks would rather take their chance of being pancaked under the advancing tyres.

ROMANCIST, M. D., AND PRIEST.

The University of Montpelier, in France, is about to commemorate its association with Rabelais in a more imposing manner than the portrait of the great writer which is in the Gallery of Professors at that ancient seat of learning. They propose to raise a statue to the author of Gargantua, who, in addition to being in holy orders, graduated in medicine at Montpelier University, and for some time lectured there on surgery.

THE MARCH OF THE TEN THOUSAND.

The fascination of Cæsar and Xenophon will never die. Readers of Longfellow will remember the admiration of that great fighter, but faint hearted lover Miles Standish, for Cæsar, and every now and again we find some scholar bringing out a new edition. Now it is Xenophon's turn, and we learn from a French source that General von Hofmeister, of the German Army, has obtained leave of absence to pay a visit to Asia Minor. The object of the General's visit is to go over the ground associated with the march of the ten thousand so graphically described by Xenophon so as to be able to describe minutely.

NEW COINS FOR BELGIUM.

The Belgian Mint authorities are about to issue some new commemorative franc pieces. The coins, like Goldsmith's chest of drawers, will serve a double purpose. They will mark the accession of the present King, and will bear his effigy, with that of his Consort. The coins will also commemorate the Brussels Exhibition. As only 100,000 are to be struck, no doubt they will be much sought after by collectors. It is said only five coins will be issued to one person, but how the authorities will enforce this decision remains to be seen.

FROGMORE.

Extensive improvements have been commenced at Frogmore, and a billiard-room has been added to the house, while (adds "Truth") accommodation for motors has been provided. Frogmore is a comfortable house, with pleasant, old-fashioned sitting-rooms. It was the country residence of the Duchess of Kent from 1840 (when it reverted to the Sovereign on the death of Princess Augusta) until 1861, and in 1863 it was lent by Queen Victoria to the King (then Prince of Wales), who lived there some time for short periods after his marriage while the house at Sandringham was being rebuilt. The Prince and Princess like living at Frogmore, which is a most agreeable residence, except during the winter.

SALEM AND HAWTHORNE.

The memory of Nathaniel Hawthorne, whose writings aroused much antagonism towards him here generations ago, says a dispatch from Salem, Mass., to the "New York Tribune," is to be honoured by citizens of Salem, the Civic League having planned to erect a bronze memorial. A statue of the author designed by Bela L. Pratt, of Boston, will probably be accepted by the committee. It will cost about dols. 30,000, which is to be subscribed for publicly. An effort will be made by the Civic League to purchase the birthplace of the noted writer.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without having the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot 93, Farringdon Road, London, England.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

ON THE OLD TRACK.

The enterprising Editor of the "Revue d'Alsace" has had the happy thought of ransacking the monkish records and chronicles of his ancient province for mention of Halley's Comet. From his letter to "Cosmos" we see that the earliest of these records begins in 1124, so that he misses by about sixty years the famous apparition that heralded the Norman Conquest. The annals of the Dominicans of Guebwiller cover six centuries (1124-1723), and those of the Franciscans of Thann range from 1182 to 1700. Both are in Germany. The annals of the Dominicans of Colmar, 1211-1305, and the chronicle of the Sebald Buchler of Strasburg, 1506-1586, are in Latin. The apparitions of 1145 and 1222 apparently passed unobserved by the good monks of Guebwiller. The second of these also escaped the notice of their brethren at Colmar, although the monks of Thann saw the celestial visitant and duly entered the fact in their journal with appropriate reflections: "In Alsace and in other countries, to the astonishment and stupefaction of all, there appeared in the skies about this time a comet. It had long hair and was accompanied by many remarkable signs. What it portends God, the omniscient, alone knows"; "for my part," humbly adds the chronicler, "I know full well that it means that our sins are to be visited by scourges and chastisement." Seventy-nine years latter the Franciscan who then filled the chair of Chronicler to the monastery made a very businesslike entry, to the following effect: "About Eastertide was to be seen an alarming comet passing from east to west. It had a little after Easter that it was seen here; but at Rome is appeared before that festival, after Pentecost in the Low Countries, before the Feast of St. Michael in Denmark and the neighbourhood, and about Christmas in Norway and Iceland. It lasted for about eight months." The annals of Colmar relate that the comet had such an effect upon the inhabitants of Bingen (who apparently had risen against their sovereign) that they surrendered to Lord Albert, King of the Romans, not, however, without securing themselves against misadventure by exacting suitable terms. The monks of Guebwiller saw the comet in the sign of the Scorpion, the rays first towards the east and later to the south. Apparently the brethren of Thann made a mistake, or saw the comet of 1378 a year later than the rest of the world. "God knows what it means," they say; but add: "A short time after a great rebellion broke out in Cracovia, in which 160 nobles were slain.

VISIBILITY OF MOLECULES.

When, a hundred years ago, John Dalton gave its modern shape to the atomic theory, which may be traced back to ancient philosophy and to Democritos, nobody expected that scientists would some day isolate, or at least render visible, the single atom and molecule. The kinetic theory of gases, says "Engineering," ascribed the gas pressure to the bombarment of the walls of the confining envelope by the gas molecules. It taught us how to count and to measure the molecules. But it did not bring the probability of our ever seeing them any nearer; that looked hopeless with 3by 1019 molecules in a cubic centimetre of a gas, and 640 trillions of atoms in a milligramme of hydrogen. Now that the very foundations of the atomic theory appear to be shaken by the discovery of particles (electrons) one-seventeen-hundredth of the size of the atom of hydrogen and by the phenomena of radio-activity, it is claimed that the visibility of the smallest particles has been demonstrated in various ways. It may be opportune to examine some of the experiments on which such claims are based. The existence of particles smaller than the atom would not in reality contradict the atomic theory. The atomic theory does not assert that the atom is the smallest particle capable of existence. The name "atom," indeed, suggests something that cannot further be cut or divided. But the essence of the theory is that an elementary substance consists of particles or atoms, all equal to one another and peculiar to that element and that the single atom is the smallest particle which can enter into combination. The molecule is the combination product of atoms. The atom need not necessarily be the smallest ultimate particle, and many considerations induce modern science to believe that the atom itself has a constitution. The atoms of different elements differ from one another. Yet the modern scientist feels with the ancient philosopher that there may, after all, be only one kind of matter, which, being grouped in different ways, gives rise to different elements and bodies. There are certainly difficulties in the suggestion that atoms or molecules should be able to split off corpuscles, and remain substantially what they were, while, on the other hand, radium—probably an elementary metal—is to emit radiations which turn into helium—undoubtedly a gas. But those researches are not completed yet, and meanwhile chemists continue to adhere to the atomic theory which has proved so fruitful, and to determine atomic weights with the greatest possible care.

A MICROBE DISSOLVER.

One of the great drawbacks to the system of inoculation for different diseases founded by Pasteur is that a special vaccine is required for each. To protect a person against all diseases involves numerous and oft repeated inoculations. Hence Dr. Doyen's recently announced claims to have discovered a universal germ destroyer is of special interest. The phagocytes, or cell eaters, which normally exist in the blood under ordinary conditions, destroy the germs of infectious diseases. And Dr. Doyen points out that if the activity of the phagocytes could be increased tenfold, the majority of infectious diseases might be banished. This is to be accomplished by supplying the blood with his newly discovered "my colysine," that is, germ dissolver. Aided by mycolysine, the phagocytes should be able to defeat any of the great army of phathogenic germs which may invade the blood.

RHINOCEROS IN WATERLESS REGIONS.

The interesting problem of how the rhinoceros of the Bur Dab range, in Somaliland, does without water in the dry season, is discussed by C. W. Stockley in the "Field". By careful survey of the district, and by the testimony of the natives, he has satisfied himself that over large areas inhabited by this species there are no wells or pools at which it might obtain supplies. It also appears that only perhaps once in the dry season does the rhinoceros make a long excursion to the water. In the district, however, there grows a species of aloe, with thick, juicy leaves, and known locally as dar. The rhinoceros feeds largely in this, and the juice seems to supply the lack of water. Another animal, the oryx, according to the same observer, feeds largely in the dry season on the juicy fruit of a species of gourd, known as unum, and so is enabled also to do without water for long periods. When shot, the stomach is found to contain numerous seeds of the gourd.

A PROLIFIC COMET YEAR.

The year 1910 promises to be prolific in comets. Four have been already seen, including Halley's and the famous "Daylight Comet" otherwise Innes's. Another is the short period (5 3-4 years.) comet discovered by Professor Winneck in 1858 and named after him. The fourth is known as Daniel's. Besides these seven others are due to return in the course of the year. Among them may be mentioned Tempell's II, discovered by Tempel at Milan in 1873; Faye's discovered by M. Faye at Paris in 1843; and D'Arrest's, discovered by D'Arrest at Leipsic in 1851. The others are the comets of Giacobini, Swift, Spitaler, and Brooks. Some of these for various reasons were not seen when last due, and in all there is the possibility that their orbits may have been interferred with by the attractions of Jupiter, or some of the other planets.

TRANSIT BY MOVING PLATFORMS.

An interesting method of rapid transit of passengers by means of moving platforms has been devised by New York engineers, and is described and illustrated in the "Scientific American." The platform carrying the passengers is provided with seats, and moves continously on the principle of the endless belt, the motive power being electricity. To enable the passengers to board the "train" there are three other platforms between it and the stationery platform. These move in the same direction as the train at the respective rates of 3 6 and 9 miles an hour. The speed of the latter being 12 miles an hour. Thus the passenger simply steps from one platform to another, each of which is moving at walking pace only relatively to the one before it. The train is always moving, and the passenger can join or leave it anywhere.

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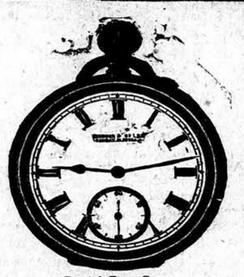
In Special Tins with Extra Lid.

PICKLES, SOUPS, JAMS, JELLIES, POTTED MEATS, MALT VINEGAR, SALAD OIL.

Agents for Lea & Perrins' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.



Crystal Face Case.

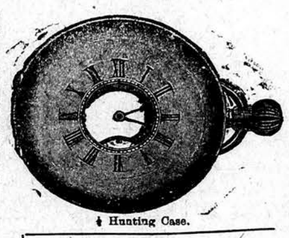
THE ORIGINAL "CAMPAIGN" WATCH.

FIRST INTRODUCED 1873.

Although reduced in price since then the quality has been considerably improved, in fact our "Campaign" watch of 1909 would be absolutely ashamed of its prototype of even the last decade.

QUALITY—IMPROVED
PRICE — REDUCED } SINCE 1873.

DESCRIPTION:—The "Campaign" Watch has a half-plate lever movement, a plain compound balance all essential parts are jewelled, including the lever, which has jewelled facts; the keyless ratchet is large, minimising the strain in winding and securing durability; the figures on the white enamelled dial are very bold and clear, so that the time can be seen in a faint light.



½ Hunting Case.

Hunting Case.

NOT ONLY does our name appear on the dial of these watches but the word "Campaign" is on every movement.

PRICES:

SOLID NICKEL CASE.
White Wear Throughout.
Crystal face ... ... Rs. 25

STERLING SILVER CASES.
Crystal face ... ... Rs. 40
½ Hunting ... ... „ 45
Hunting ... ... „ 45

18 ct. GOLD CASES.
Crystal face ... ... Rs. 200
½ Hunting ... ... „ 225
Hunting ... ... „ 235

Brigadier-General C. W. Park

WROTE US AS FOLLOWS ON THE 24TH NOVEMBER:—

I have much pleasure in testifying to the excellence of a Nickel Watch which I bought from you in September 1879.

I had it with me through the last year of the Afghan War in 1880 and through the whole of the War in South Africa 1899 to 1902; it has been twice in China and Japan and many times on shooting expeditions in the snows of the Himalaya and in the plains of India in hot weather. It has gone regularly and kept good time for 27 years without ever being cleaned or requiring any repairs until September last, when the mainspring broke. It has now been repaired by you and is at present going again as well as ever.

Illustrated Catalogue of Watches & Clocks on Application.

MARCKS & Co., LTD., BOMBAY & POONA.

EUQUININE.

LIKE QUININE

IT CURES

Malaria fevers, influenza, whooping cough, typhoid fever, neuralgias, and it is furthermore a tonic and an excellent prophylactic of malaria. It has no bitter taste, does not incommode the stomach, and has much less influence on the nervous system than ordinary quinine. Obtainable from all Druggists.

Wholesale Agents,

SCHRODER, SMIDT & CO.,

BOMBAY.

Weighty Facts.

Just read these weighty facts—this overwhelming evidence from a sufferer who was cured of a sprained, stiffened knee joint, cured when other remedies had failed, completely cured by Little's Oriental Balm.

O. F. Schamerer, of Kinnundy, Ill, writes: "My wife sprained her knee so severely that she could not stand. The joint was stiff, very much enlarged, and so extremely sensitive that the slightest touch caused violent pain. She tried various remedies, but with little if any relief. But after three days' use of Little's Oriental Balm she was able to move about the room, and its continued use effected a complete cure."

If you are still sceptical, it will cost you Re. 1 to prove the power of Little's Oriental Balm in your own case. Sold at Re. 1 per bottle. Of all Chemist, and Medicine Vendors.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL

Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE

Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Re. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS

Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Re. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER

scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT

Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,

WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.

BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with

WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA

SARSAPARILLA

"We cannot speak too highly of it." *Lancet.*

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most

WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF HUMAN BLOOD

The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.

RESTORES THE WEAK,

REVIVES THE DEPRESSED

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited; KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... „ 16,250,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Liaoyang	Eyojun Port Arthur
Changchung	Lyons	Peking
Dalton (Dairy)	Mengtien Mukden	San Francisco
Hankow	Nagasaki	Shanghai
Honolulu	Newchwang	Tientsin
Hongkong	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	
London		

LONDON BANKER:—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort Bombay

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cawnpore	Newera-Eliya,
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Chittagong,	Aden (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.
DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY. J. BLACK, Ag. Manager.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 27,50,000
HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.
BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description, transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 285,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

AQUILA TONIC.

(Bases: Phosphates and Vegetable Albumen.) Refreshes the tired Brain; vitalizes the systems; restores lost Memory, and Health shattered through overexertion or through "excesses."

MASTER BUILDER

of impaired Tissues and dedish Nerves. A marvellous BRAIN FOOD.

Per Bottle, Rs. 3-8.

F. S. MADON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg.....	6 8 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.....	6 8 2	„ „
Chester, 125 deg	5 0 2	„ „
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg...	4 12 2	„ „
Monkey, 125 deg.....	4 8 2	„ „
Elephant, 125 deg	4 3 0	per two tins.
„ 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE
2, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Foochow
Bombay	Singapore	Saigon
Karachi	Klang (F. M. States.)	Seremban (F. M. States.)
Calcutta	Kwala Lumpor (Do.)	shanghai
Madras	Bangkok	Tientsin
Rangoon	Batavia	Hankow
Colombo	Sourabaya	Yokohama
Penang	Manilla	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak)	Cebu (Philippines)	New York
Ipoh (Perak),	Hongkong	

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.
Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.
OFFICE HOURS—10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34. J. GREIG,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Agent.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL MANSIONS, Apollo St., BOMBAY
BRANCHES:
Mumbadevi, Ahmedabad, Karachee, Calcutta and Rangoon.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.
SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

INSURANCES.

BONUS YEAR 1910.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:
EDINBURGH: 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON: 61 Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds exceed £18,916,000
Total Revenue for 1908 exceeded. £4,070,000

The sum of over ONE MILLION STERLING was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1906, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-8-0 per cent per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.
POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

NEW SCHEME.
Double Endowment Assurance in India at English Rates. Full particulars on application.
For latest PROSPECTUS and Proposal Forms apply to
Messrs. KING KING & Co.,
Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

IMMEDIATE ANNUITIES with RETURN OF PURCHASE MONEY.

THIS NOVEL and most ATTRACTIVE SCHEME which has been recently introduced offers exceptional Advantages to prospective Annuitants and the "GRESHAM" is the first Insurance Company to offer its benefits to the Public.

(1). A RETURN OF THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY GUARANTEED IN ANY EVENT.
Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.
(2). A LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE ALLOWED SHOULD IT BE DESIRED TO REVOKE THE CONTRACT AT ANY TIME.
Under the old scheme, the Annuitant had no control over his Capital once paid down.

For full particulars apply to—

CROFT MODY & CO.
Chief Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon, BOMBAY.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS

BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, CAST-IRON PIPES

KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
King's Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY

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Choice selection, replete with latest Home Novelties.

SHERATON, CHIPPENDALE & FRENCH FURNITURE. | OUR SPECIALITY.

Large choice of Brocades, Tapestries, Cretonnes, etc.
Axiniouster, Brussels and Indian Carpets,
Linoleums, Table Linen, etc., etc.
Painting and House Decorations Artistically executed.

ART CATALOGUE FREE.

SAMPLES OF HIGH CLASS CRETONNES AND TAPESTRIES ON APPLICATION

For Special Designs, Estimates and other particulars please apply to—

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Ld.,

75, HORNBY ROAD, **BOMBAY.**

The New **BUDGET** says **SMOKE** the **BEST** quality and **LESS** quantity.

The following High Class Brands are now Realising the above fact.

DUTCH HAVANAS.

MIGNOT & DE BLOCK'S.	Rs.	A.	POPULAR BRANDS.	Rs.	A.
El Aliento, Par Excellence, per 50	7	8	La Costa Brazileros per 50	6	0
El Balcon, Deliciosos ,, 50	6	8	Young American ,, 50	6	0
La Arena, Brevas Finas ,, 50	6	0	Perfectos Extra ,, 50	4	0
La Silvira, Especials ,, 50	5	12	Alicante, Ceylon's Favorite ,, 50	3	8
La Crema, Matinees ,, 50	4	0	Spotted Dogs. Merriman's ,, 100	4	0
La Simpatica, Flor Fina ,, 100	8	0	,, ,, Neuberg & Co's ,, 50	2	8
Flor de Cintra, Silver Foiled,, 25	4	0	Odalisca, Victorias ,, 25	2	0

Inquiries Solicited from Clubs and Messes. Discount on quantities.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA. **D. MERWAN & CO.,** 42, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

Agents for India:—TREACHER AND CO., LTD. BOMBAY, SIMLA, and POONA.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES CO., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

NATURAL

ENO'S

HEALTH-GIVING

FRUIT

REFRESHING

SALT

INVIGORATING

Dr. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons" in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils, and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognised."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is Supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

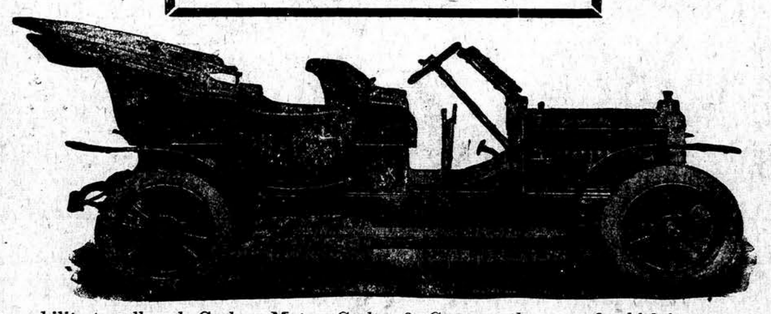
WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES:

ANSAR, HARFORD & CO., Ltd., 182, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON.

OUR REPUTATION IS GREATER THAN THAT OF ANY OTHER FIRM OF CYCLE AND MOTOR DEALERS IN INDIA.



Our ability to sell such Cycles, Motor Cycles, & Cars as the use of which is guaranteed to give every satisfaction is well known.
You can therefore invest in any of our Cycles, Motor Cycles & Cars with perfect confidence.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR
DELAUNAY BELLEVILLE, DE DION BOUTON, RENAULT, HUMBER ROVER & SIX CYLINDER STANDARD CARS;
Humber, Motosacoche and Wearwell Motor Cycles;
AND
Sunbeam, Humber, Singer, Wearwell & Kaiser-i-Hind Cycles.

BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY,
YORK BUILDINGS, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, **BOMBAY.**

AWARDED 19 GOLD MEDALS.

ALEMBIC PERFUMERY.

SCENTS	OPINION.
Pushpa-Parag - -	MESSRS. THE ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO., LTD., BOMBAY
Sughandha-Sar - -	DEAR SIRS,
Kumud-Kusum - -	I was much pleased with the sample bottle of Red Rose Perfume that you sent me. The fragrance of the Scent was very refreshing. You are to be congratulated upon producing so excellent an article.
Red-Rose - -	Yours faithfully,
Bahar - -	(Sd.) HENRY S. L. POLAK.

THE ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO., LTD. KALBADEVI, BOMBAY.

THE - - RELIANCE WATCH - - COMPANY'S

SPLENDID - OFFER

THE "REX."

ONLY FOR A SHORT TIME
SPECIAL REDUCTION IN
THE "REX"

The most popular Keyless Lever Watches in India.

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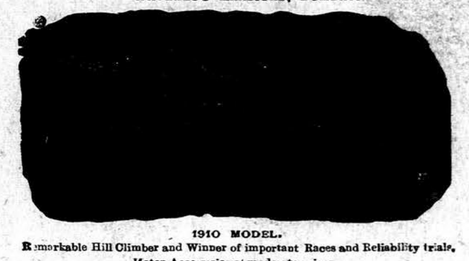

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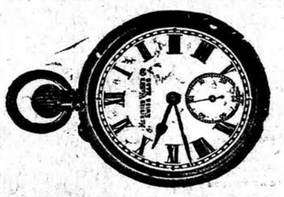

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